# **Tetris SKY** 200÷700 kW





# General

Chillers and reversible heat pumps with hermetic scroll compressors and plate heat exchanger. Extended range, versatile applications.

# Configurations

Standard: Chiller version

- HP: reversible heat pump version
- SLN: super low noise version
- /LN: low-noise unit
- /DS: execution featuring a desuperheater
- /DC: execution with recovery condenser

# Strengths

- Conforming with Ecodesign Reg. 2281, tier 2
- High efficiency and compact dimensions
- ► High output water temperature: up to 58°C
- Extended Limits in Heat Pump mode: down to -15°C of minimum external air temperture
- R32 refrigerant with Low GWP
- New High efficiency fans already compliant with future step of Erp. Regulation
- BlueThink advanced control with integrated web server. Multilogic function and Blueye® supervision system. (options)
- Flowzer: inverter driven pumps (options)





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# **Tetris SKY**

Tetris SKY is a large range of high efficiency chillers and reversible heat pumps featuring hermetic scroll compressors and an air source, suitable for both comfort and process applications. Chiller versions can produce chilled water from -8 ° C up to 20 ° C, with external temperatures from -20 ° C up to + 52 ° C. Heat Pump versions could produce water up to 58°C and work with minimum air temperature of -15°C The entire range is characterised by high compactness and a reduced refrigerant charge. Tetris SKY uses low GWP refrigerants that have a low environmental impact.

# REFRIGERANT

Chiller models from the Tetris Sky series are available with refrigerant R32.

Acronym "R7" indicates the need to use refrigerant R32 and it shows that the refrigerant has a GWP level below 700.

# Refrigerant R32 (GWP=677\*)

The refrigerant consists in pure gas.

R32 is classified as a Group 1 fluid under PED.

It is also classified as A2L under the ASHRAE Standard 34, i.e.

- non-toxic;
- mildly flammable.

(\*) GWP (AR5), pursuant to IPCC V, evaluated over a span of 100 years.

# **STRUCTURE**

The structure of the unit is made of galvanized sheet-iron coated with polyester powder in RAL 5017/7035 at 180°C, which makes it highly resistant to weather conditions. All screws and bolts are stainless steel.

# COMPRESSORS

# Tetris SKY R7 - Tetris SKY HP R7

The compressors are hermetic, orbiting spiral scroll compressors connected in tandem or trio, with either one or two circuits. They are provided with thermal overload protection by internal Klixon® or external Kriwan© module (depending on the model) and with oil equalization line. All the compressors are fitted as standard with crankcase heater.

# SOURCE-SIDE HEAT EXCHANGER

# (for chiller unit)

The exchangers are made with microchannel aluminium coils.

Thanks to continuous research in the alloys field, and sophisticated production methods, microchannel coils are made using specific aluminium alloys for the tubes and for the fins. This allows the effects of galvanic corrosion to be drastically reduced to always ensure protection of the tubes that confine the refrigerant. Tubes and fins are also subjected to SilFLUX coating processes (or equivalent) or have zinc added to further increase their corrosion resistance.

The use of microchannel coils, as opposed to conventional copper/aluminium coils, reduces the total weight of the unit and reduces the refrigerant charge.

Options are available for installation in environments with a particularly aggressive atmosphere or in coastal or highly industrialized areas. See section: "Description of accessories".

#### (for HP units)

The exchangers are made with finned pack coils with copper tubes and aluminium fins.

The coils have an increased fin pitch to reduce frost formation and to facilitate the outflow of condensed water during defrosting.

Options are available for installation in environments with a particularly aggressive atmosphere or in coastal or highly industrialized areas. See section: "Description of accessories".

# FANS

The fans are axial fans, directly coupled to a 6-pole electric motor, with integrated thermal overload protection (Klixon $\mathbb{R}$ ) and IP 54 protection rating.

The fan includes the shroud, designed to optimize its efficiency and reduce noise emission to a minimum, and the safety guard.

The control manages the speed of the fans through a phase cutting speed adjuster, in order to optimize the operating conditions and efficiency of the unit.

The fan speed regulator is supplied standardly.

This control also has the effect of reducing the noise level of the unit: in fact, the typical conditions under which the control will be modulating the speed of the fans are those of the night, spring and autumn.

For units equipped with EC fans (option), the same function is carried out using the electronically commutated motor of the fans.

# **USER-SIDE HEAT EXCHANGER**

The exchanger is a braze-welded stainless steel plate heat exchanger, insulated with a shroud of closed-cell insulating material.

The exchanger is also equipped with thermostat-controlled anti-freeze heater to protect it from ice formation when the unit is not running.

# **REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT**

Each refrigerant circuit of the basic unit comprises:

- valve on the liquid line
- 4-way reversing valve (applies to HP versions only)
- valve on delivery line (applies to HP versions only)
- liquid receiver (only HP version)
- charging valves
- liquid sight glass
- replaceable solid cartridge dehydrator filter
- electronic expansion valve
- high and low pressure switches

The pipes of the circuit and the exchanger are insulated with extruded closed-cell expanded elastomer.

# **ELECTRICAL CONTROL PANEL**

The electrical control panel is made in a painted galvanized sheet-iron box with forced ventilation and IP54 protection rating.

The electrical control panel of the basic unit comprises:

- main disconnect switch
- automatic circuit breakers for compressors with fixed calibration
- fuses for protecting the fans and auxiliary circuits
- fan contactors
- phase-cutting fan speed adjuster
- thermal magnetic circuit breakers for pumps (if present)
- phase monitor
- potential-free general alarm contacts
- single potential free operating contacts for compressors, fans and pumps (when present)
- digital input for general ON/OFF
- summer/winter selection by digital input (only for HP units)
- external air temperature probe
- microprocessor controller with display accessible from the outside

All the electrical cables inside the panel are numbered and the terminal board dedicated to the customer's connections is coloured orange so that it can be quickly identified in the panel.

Unit power supply is 400V/3~/50Hz:

# **CONTROL BLUETHINK**

The unit is supplied as standard with an advanced controller.

The control allows the following functions:

- water temperature adjustment, with control of the water entering the user-side heat exchanger
- freeze protection
- compressor timings
- automatic rotation of compressor starting sequence
- recording of the log of all machine inputs, outputs and states
- automatic rotation of compressor starting sequence
- recording of the alarm log
- RS485 serial port with Modbus protocol
- Ethernet serial port with Modbus protocol and integrated web server preloaded web page
- digital input for general ON/OFF
- digital input for Summer/Winter selection

For further details on available functions and on displayed information, refer to the specific documentation of the controller.

By default, the serial connections present as standard are enabled only for reading from BMS. Enabling of writing from BMS is to be requested when ordering.

#### Main functions of the webserver (only for units with advanced control)

As standard, the Bluethink controller integrates a webserver with a preloaded web page that is accessed via password.

The web page allows the following functions to be carried out (some of these are available only for users with advanced level rights):

- display of the main functions of the unit such as unit serial n°, size, refrigerant
- display of the general status of the machine: water inlet and outlet temperatures, external air temperature, mode (chiller or heat pump), evaporating and condensing pressures, suction and discharge temperatures
- display of the status of compressors, pumps, expansion valves
- display in real time of the graphs of the main quantities
- display of the graphs of logged quantities
- display of alarm log
- management of users on several levels
- remote ON/OFF
- remote set point change
- remote time band change
- remote summer winter mode selection

# **Human-Machine Interface**

The control has a graphic display that allows the following information to be displayed:

- water inlet and outlet temperature
- set temperature and differential set points
- description of alarms
- hour meter of operation and number of start-ups of the unit, the compressors and the pumps (if present)
- high and low pressure values, and relevant condensing and evaporating temperatures
- external air temperature
- superheating at compressor suction.

# Management of defrost cycles

# (only for HP units)

For defrost management, the control of the unit uses a sliding intervention threshold, depending on the pressures inside the unit and the external air temperature. By putting together all this information, the control can identify the presence of ice on the coil and activates the defrosting sequence only when necessary, so as to maximize the energy efficiency of the unit.

Sliding management of the defrost threshold ensures that, as the absolute humidity of outdoor air decreases, the frequency of the defrost cycles gradually decreases because they are carried out only when the ice formed on the coil actually penalizes performance.

The defrost cycle is fully automatic: during the initial stage, a defrost is carried out by cycle reversal with the fans stopped. As soon as the frost on the coil has molten to a suitable level, the unit resumes operation in heat pump mode.

# **OPTIONS**

# /DC: unit with total recovery condenser

In addition to the set-up of a chiller only unit, /DC units comprise:

- a heat recovery condenser for recovering 100% of the condensation heat on each refrigerant circuit. The exchanger is a brazed plate heat exchanger; for dual circuit units, the heat exchangers are to be manifolded outside the unit (by the customer)
- temperature probe at the inlet of the heat recovery heat exchanger; for dual circuit units, the probe is supplied with the unit and is to be positioned on the heat exchanger inlet manifold (by the customer)
- liquid receiver for each refrigerant circuit with system for emptying the refrigerant from the condensing coil
- potential free contact in the electrical control panel for activation of recovery.

When required by the system, through the closing of a contact, the control automatically manages activation of recovery. Recovery management is carried out through a control on the temperature of the return water. The control also automatically manages safety deactivation of recovery if the condensing pressure becomes too high, and changes to using the condensing coils.

This option is not available for /HP units

# /DS: unit with desuperheater

/DS units comprise (for each refrigerant circuit) an exchanger for condensation heat recovery of up to 20% (depending on size, version and operating conditions), placed in series with the condensing coil. The exchanger is a braze-welded plate heat exchanger. For multi-circuit units, the exchangers are to be manifolded outside the unit (by the customer).

The desuperheater can be used during operation in cooling mode. However, it can also be used in heating mode on condition that the following measures are taken:

- a valve (either 2- or 3-way) must be installed on the desuperheater water circuit;
- the valve must be monitored using a temperature control system;
- the valve must be operated to regulate the temperature of the input water into the desuperheater = IWTds.

First, enter the unit heating setpoint, which corresponds to the temperature of water delivered to the heating unit=LWTu\_Heating. Then set the condition below:

• IWTds > LWTu\_Heating + 10 [K]

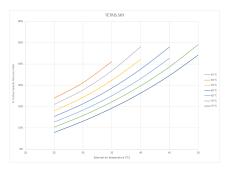
The valve, the control systems and their installation, setup operations, etc. are the responsibility of the client. If heat recovery is not required during operation in heat pump mode, or where the above requirements are not met, the water circuit of the desuperheater must be shut off. Desuperheater operation in heat pump mode reduces the heating capacity transferred from the unit to the user's hydronic circuit. When a desuperheater is fitted, irrespective of it running in either cooling or heating mode, the max. temperature of water delivered to the heating unit (LWTu\_Heating) is reduced, as described in the section "Operating limits".

An illustrative graph is shown below in which, as the ambient temperature changes, (Tair) and as the temperature of the water leaving the heat recovery heat exchanger changes, (Tw,out DS), the percentage of recovered heat is shown as an indication (Recovery ratio).

Condensation heat recovery is a function of size, version and operating conditions.

The percentage of recovered heat is calculated as the ratio between recovered heat flow to the desuperheater and the heat flow to the condenser under nominal conditions, therefore evaporator inlet-outlet water temperature 12-7°C.

In the following graph, a constant temperature delta of 5°C between water inlet and outlet at the heat recovery heat exchanger has been considered.



# /HAT: unit for high external air temperatures

The unit with /HAT option adopts an electrical control panel made using specific components to withstand high temperatures, special cables and oversize protection parts.

This enables the unit to work with external air temperatures of over 46°C as indicated in the section on operating limits;

operation is guaranteed with external air temperature up to 52°C.

For higher temperatures up to about 55°C, a set-up with air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary; the unit works in capacity reduction mode. The feasibility of this set-up must be assessed: please contact our sales department.

# /LN: silenced unit

In the unit with /LN option, all the compressors are enclosed in a compartment that is fully soundproofed with sound absorbing material and soundproofing material.

#### /SLN: super low noise unit

Unit versions SLN are characterised by the use of a soundproofed compressor compartment, fans with a speed adjuster, and a reduced air flow rate. The speed reduction of the fans is such that, under nominal operating conditions, the air flow rate and noise level are lower than those of the basic version of the unit.

In any case, the use of the speed adjuster to reduce the air flow rate allows rotation of the fans at maximum speed when external air temperature conditions are particularly critical and therefore guarantees the same operating limits as the high efficiency version.

Also, for SLN/HP version units working in heat pump mode, the fans always operate at 100% speed and therefore guarantee the same performance levels as the high efficiency versions.

# HYDRAULIC MODULES

All units can be fitted with hydraulic module in various configurations:

- /1P: hydraulic module with one pump
- /2P: hydraulic module with two pumps
- /1PS: hydraulic module with one pump and buffer tank
- /2PS: hydraulic module with two pumps and buffer tank

The following are also available:

- modules /1Pr, /2Pr, /1PrS e /2PrS that have pumps with reduced available discharge head
- modules /1PG, /2PG, /1PGS and /2PGS that have pumps with High lift suitable for operating with glycol up to 50%

For the hydraulic modules it is also possible to add an expansion tank for balancing system possible over-pressures ("VAES" option)

Hydraulic modules with one pump have:

- one pump
- Hydraulic modules with two pumps have:
- two pumps
- a check valve on the delivery side of each pump

In the version with 2 pumps, these are always with one on standby while the other is working. Switching over between the pumps is automatic and is done by time (to balance the hours of operation of each one) or in the event of failure.

Hydraulic modules with tank also have:

- a gate valve at the inlet of the pump or the suction manifold
- a tank with drain valve and air valve

Refer to the table of configurations that are not possible to check for availability of specific set-ups.

All the hydraulic circuit components are fully insulated, except for:

- drain valves
- venting valves
- tank plugs
- safety valves
- probe pockets

# **CONTROLS AND SAFETY DEVICES**

All the units are fitted with the following control and safety components:

- user-side water temperature probe
- · antifreeze probe on the user side heat exchanger
- high pressure switch with manual reset
- low pressure safety device with automatic reset, for a limited number of occurrences, managed by the controller
- compressor overtemperature protection
- fan overtemperature protection
- differential flow switch

# TESTING

All the units are factory-tested and supplied complete with oil and refrigerant.

# PACKAGING

The unit is made and shipped on a wooden pallet that allows the unit to be handled using a forklift truck.

The unit is wrapped in a protective transparent polyethylene stretch film.

# CERTIFICATIONS AND REFERENCE STANDARDS

The manufacturer has implemented and keeps the Management Systems listed below and it is certified against them:

- Quality Management System according to standard UNI EN ISO 9000;
- Environmental Management System according to standard UNI EN ISO 14000;
- Health and Safety Management System according to standard BS OHSAS 18000 (as converted into UNI EN ISO 45000).

These management systems ensure that the company puts in place any and all actions and initiatives to define and monitor the standards defined by its Management, which are stated in its Quality, Environmental and Safety policies.

To meet the safety requirements, the unit was designed and manufactured in compliance with the directives and product regulations below:

- PED Directive: safety criteria to be followed when designing pressure equipment;
- Machinery Directive: safety criteria to be followed when designing machinery;
- Low Voltage Directive: safety criteria to be followed when designing electrical machine parts;
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive: electromagnetic compatibility criteria to be followed when designing electrical machine parts;
- WEEE Directive: criteria for product management at the end of its life cycle as waste with a view to environmental protection.

The units are manufactured, tested and checked with reference to the European standards specified in the Declaration of CE Conformity, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of our Quality System.

The installation, use and storage of units featuring mildly flammable refrigerants (A2L pursuant to standard ASHRAE 34), such as R32 and R454B, must meet the European standards and regulations and the local laws, where applicable.

For further details, please refer to the "Instruction manual for operation and maintenance".

# Responsibilities and obligations exclusive to the installer:

- to carry out a specific risk assessment according to the European regulations/standards above and/or the local laws in order to define the necessary measures for conformity;
- to comply with the requirements and to take the measures resulting from the outcomes of the risk assessment, pursuant to the relevant regulations and standards.

# **DESCRIPTION OF ACCESSORIES**

Some accessories may be incompatible with each other even if not expressly indicated.

# **Refrigerant circuit accessories**

# **BC** Capacitive backup battery for electronic expansion valve

When the compressors stop, the controller always closes the electronic expansion valve to prevent dangerous refrigerant migration. The presence of the backup battery ensures that the electronic valve is kept in closed position even when there is no power supply

This option uses a condenser as energy storage, and not an ordinary coil. In this way, it is not affected by the memory effect of normal coils and the need for maintenance is avoided.

Applies to units with advanced controller.

# BK Brine Kit

This accessory is compulsory if a water temperature set point lower than or equal to  $+3^{\circ}$ C is used (if the unit is provided with double set point or variable set point, the lower set point is considered).

The accessory consists of increased insulation and suitable sizing and calibration of some components.

The inlet and outlet temperatures of the user-side exchanger must be given on ordering to allow correct setting of the alarm parameters and verification of the sizing of the expansion valve.

The cooling set point can then be changed by the customer in an interval that, compared to the set point given on ordering, ranges from -1K up to the allowed limit temperature.

The unit will be optimized to work at the set point temperature given on ordering. For different set points, the cooling capacity provided and the level of efficiency of the machine could decrease and move away from these conditions.

# DVS Double safety valve

With this accessory, instead of each individual safety valve per circuit, there is a "candelabrum" with two safety valves and a diverter valve for choosing the valve in operation. This allows the safety valves to be replaced without having to drain the machine and without having to stop it.

#### MAFR Pressure gauges

The operating pressures of each circuit of the unit can be displayed on the control by accessing the relevant screens. Also, the machine can be fitted with pressure gauges (two for each circuit) installed in a clearly visible position. These allow reading in real time of the working pressures of the refrigerant gas on the low pressure side and on the high pressure side of each refrigerant circuit.

#### RG Fan speed adjuster

The control manages the speed of the fans through a phase cutting speed adjuster, in order to optimize the operating conditions and efficiency of the unit.

This control also has the effect of reducing the noise level of the unit: in fact, the typical conditions under which the control will be modulating the speed of the fans are those of the night, spring and autumn.

For units equipped with EC fans, the same function is carried out using the electronically commutated motor of the fans and is supplied as standard.

# **RIC** Liquid receiver

The adoption of this accessory always guarantees correct feeding of the expansion valve even when the unit is subjected to wide external air temperature ranges.

This accessory is standard on DC and HP units.

#### **RUB** Compressor suction and delivery valves

The valves situated on the delivery side and on the suction side of the compressors allow the compressor to be isolated from the rest of the refrigerant circuit, so making the maintenance operations quicker and less invasive

#### **RPP** Refrigerant leak detector with automatic pump down

Detection of a refrigerant leak with this device is managed by the controller through a specific alarm and a specific icon appearing on the display of the controller. For all the circuits of the unit, the alarm also starts the machine stopping procedure with pump down, confining all the refrigerant in the coils. The accessory can be applied only to units in LN or SLN set-up.

#### **RPR** Refrigerant leak detector

With this accessory, a refrigerant leak detector is placed inside each compressor compartment. Detection of a refrigerant leak is managed by the controller through a specific alarm and display of a specific icon on the display of the controller. This alarm stops the unit.

The accessory can be applied only to units in LN or SLN set-up.

# Fan accessories

# VEC EC fans

With this accessory, EC fans, with electronically commutated brushless motor, are used for the ventilating section. These guarantee very high efficiency levels for all working conditions and allow a 15% saving on the power absorbed by each fan working at full capacity.

Also, through a 0-10V analogue signal sent to each fan, the microprocessor carries out condensation/evaporation control by continuous adjustment of the air flow rate as the external air temperature changes, with a further reduction in electrical absorption and noise emission.

For further details, see the dedicated chapter: "Aeraulic head losses and options available for the fan section".

#### VEM Oversize EC fans

The increased EC fans allow to obtain the same benefits as EC fans and in addition allow to have a residual useful head of about 100Pa.

For further details, see the dedicated chapter: "Aeraulic head losses and options available for the fan section".

# Hydraulic circuit accessories

# FLUS Flow switch (instead of the water differential pressure switch)

As an alternative to the differential pressure switch (standard flow sensor), it is possible to request the paddle flow switch as accessory. This detects when there is no water flow to the user-side exchanger and sends a signal to the control of the unit that will stop the compressors to prevent damage to the exchangers.

Application of this accessory is compulsory for units that use non-glycol water and work with a yearly cycle where external air temperatures are zero or below.

The flow switch is supplied loose (installation by the customer) and replaces the water differential pressure switch (standard).

# FW Water filter

To protect the elements of the hydraulic circuit (in particular, the exchangers), there are Y filters that can stop and settle the particles that are normally present in the water flow and would otherwise settle in the more delicate parts of the hydraulic circuit and damage its heat exchange capacity.

Installation of the water filter is mandatory even when it is not supplied as an accessory.

Accessory supplied loose.

# RA Antifreeze heater

These are electric heaters inserted on the user-side heat exchanger, on the pumps and in the tank (depending on the configuration of the machine) to prevent damage to the hydraulic components due to ice formation during periods when the machine is stopped.

Based on normal operating conditions and the percentage of glycol in the system, an appropriate "antifreeze alarm" temperature is set in the control. When a temperature that is 1K higher than the antifreeze alarm threshold is detected at the outlet from the exchanger, the pump (if present) and the antifreeze heaters are switched on. If the temperature of the outgoing water reaches the antifreeze alarm threshold, the compressors are stopped, keeping the heaters and the pumps active, and the general alarm contact of the machine is activated.

The antifreeze heater is present as standard on the user-side heat exchanger alone.

# RAR Electric antifreeze heater on recovery heat exchanger (partial and total)

Electrical heater installed on recovery heat exchanger (de-superheater or total heat recovery)to avoid ice formation and consequent damages in particolar conditions or during stop of the unit.

A suitable threshold temperature is set according to the operating conditions to avoid ice formation. When a temperature below the threshold is detected at the exchanger outlet, the antifreeze resistances are switched on.

# VAES Expansion vessel

This is an expansion vessel connected to the hydronic kit, size of the vessel changes according to the hydronic kit and the size of the machine (for further information on the volume of the expansion vessel, see dedicated chapter).

The expansion vessel balances the variations in the volume of water in the system due to changing water temperatures or other factors.

Due to the limited space inside the unit, it should be noted that depending on the system and the working conditions, the expansion vessel may not be sufficient to adequately balance the system volume variations. it is the responsibility of the system installer to check if the expansion vessel is sufficient to adequately balance the system, and if it is not, install an additional dedicated vessel to ensure correct operation of the system.

# VSIW Water-side safety valve

With this accessory, a safety valve is inserted in the hydraulic circuit of the unit: when the calibration pressure is reached, the valve opens and, by discharging (to be routed by the customer), prevents the system pressure from reaching limits that are dangerous for the components present in the system. The valves have positive action, that is, performance is guaranteed even if the diaphragm deteriorates or breaks.

# **Flowzer options**

Our range of Flowzer options offers flexible and scalable solutions to set the speed of pumps in the system with a view to optimising and reducing energy consumption.Different types of control modes are offered based on the system and application type:

- FLOWZER VP Inverter for manual pump adjustment
- FLOWZER VD control of available pump discharge head for variable flow systems without monitoring the flow rate limits;
- FLOWZER VDE flow rate control to keep the flow rate constant as the external working conditions of the system change;
- FLOWZER VDT flow rate control with constant TD (difference between input and output temperature in the heat exchanger on the user side) in variable flow pumps, without monitoring the flow rate limits;
- FLOWZER VFPP automatic management of variable flow rate in systems with one single primary circuit and a bypass valve;
- FLOWZER VPS automatic management of variable flow rate, including balancing of flow rates between primary and secondary circuits;
- flowzer vps with TD-based control automatic management of variable flow rate, including control with constant TD (difference between input and output temperature in the heat exchanger on the user side) in systems featuring both the primary and secondary circuits.

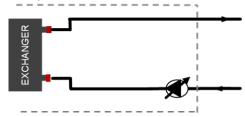
The tables below summarise the main system diagrams and show the application type and advantages/disadvantages offered by each solution. Each individual option is illustrated and explained individually in the next pages.

The hydraulic diagrams in this document are for exemplification purposes only and their main function is to help the reader understand the type of machines and devices the controller can manage. For a more technical evaluation of the system, please refer to the dedicated manual.

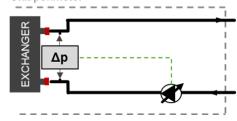
Constant flow system				
	Application	Advantages	Disadvantages	
Flowzer VP Flowzer VP Flowzer VP		<ul> <li>Increased efficiency: increased "REAL" EER of the unit installed, considering the power consumption of the pumps in real installation conditions and in real operating conditions.</li> <li>Reduced installation times and costs: quick setup of water flow using the display.</li> </ul>	This solution doesn't allow to save energy in the pump under part load conditions, due to the possibility to only set two frequency values in the inverter.	
Flowzer VDE	Ideal for constant flow systems to keep the water flow to the heat exchanger constant under all conditions	<ul> <li>Plug&amp;Play: provides for easy and flexible implemen- tation as it is not supplied with options to be fitted therefore allows for quick commissioning.</li> </ul>	This solution is less effi- cient as losses in the heat exchanger are kept constant under all conditions (inclu- ding in cases when they may be reduced).	

Unit perimeter



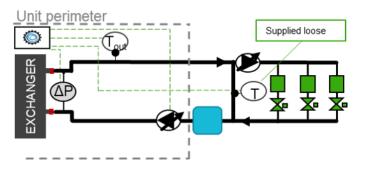




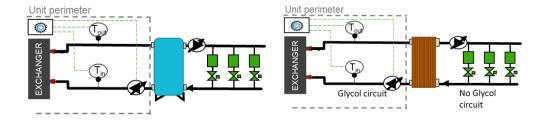


FLOWZER VDE

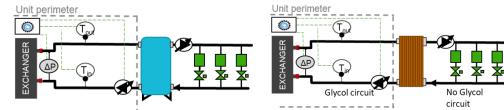
Variable flow system featuring primary and secondary circuits			
	Application	Advantages	Disadvantages
Flowzer VPS	Ideal for all systems featu- ring a primary and a se- condary circuit divided by a hydraulic bypass branch	<ul> <li>Energy saving: the energy consumption during pum- ping operations can be cut down to 55% if compared with a traditional system</li> <li>Enhanced comfort: correct balancing between primary and secondary loop</li> </ul>	Only recommended in sy- stems featuring a primary and a secondary circuit di- vided by a bypass pipe; not flexible for other applications
Flowzer VDT	Ideal for systems featuring similar users or users with similar operating condi- tions It is recommended in structured systems in which the client has third-party systems to control the min. and max. flow rate.	<ul> <li>Plug&amp;Play: provides for easy and flexible implemen- tation as it is not supplied with options to be fitted and for quick commissioning.</li> </ul>	Risk of over- or underflow for some of the users in the secondary circuit if they have different operating conditions (same tempera- ture difference) A control is required by third-party equi- pment to ensure compliance with the unit flow limits.
FLOWZER VPS with TD-based control	Ideal for systems featuring similar users or users with similar operating conditions Ideal for systems featuring a primary and a secondary cir- cuits physically divided from the heat exchanger or a tank with multiple connections.	<ul> <li>Plug&amp;Play: provides for easy and flexible implemen- tation as it is not supplied with options to be fitted and for quick commissioning.</li> </ul>	Risk of over- or underflow for some of the users in the secondary circuit if their temperature difference is not the same due to the exi- sting operating conditions



**FLOWZER VPS** 

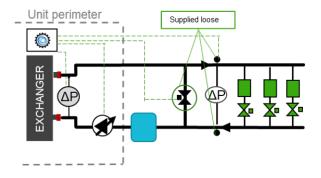


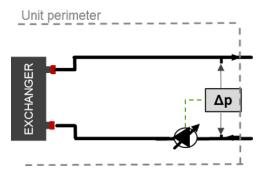
# FLOWZER VDT



FLOWZER VPS with DT-based control

Variable flow system featuring primary circuit only				
	Application	Advantages	Disadvantages	
Flowzer VFPP	Ideal for new systems in- tended to reduce installation costs	<ul> <li>Energy saving: the energy consumption during pum- ping operations can be cut down to 50% if compared with a traditional system Lower CAPEX thanks to re- duced installation costs and smaller number of compo- nents (one pump less)</li> </ul>	Requires some testing to correctly set the pressure available in the system and to correctly position the two transducers, based on the system layout and devices.	
Flowzer VD	Ideal for systems fitted with changing users according to the season. Ideal for indu- strial processes, such as injection moulding, in order for each terminal to operate with the correct discharge head. It is recommended in structured systems in which the client has third-party systems to control the min. and max. flow rate.	- Plug&Play: provides for easy and flexible implemen- tation as it is not supplied with options to be fitted therefore allows for quick commissioning.	A control is required by third-party equipment to ensure compliance with the unit flow limits.	

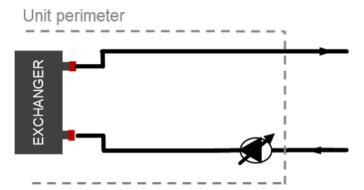




Flowzer VFPP

Flowzer VD

# FVP FLOWZER VP - Inverter for manual pump adjustment

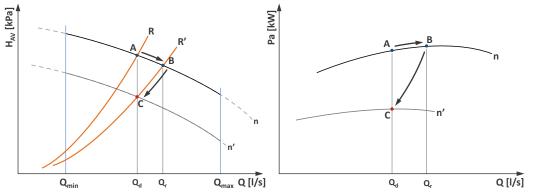


The accessory consists of inserting an inverter in the machine to manually adjust the speed of the pump (or pumps) in order to calibrate the pump flow rate on the head losses of the system.

This accessory is to be combined with one of the integrated hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit. Units equipped with integrated hydraulic module allow a certain level of available discharge head (point A) to be obtained under nominal flow rate conditions Qd.

But the actual head loss level of the system (e.g. characteristic curve R') normally causes the pump to find a different equilibrium point (point B), with a flow rate Qr higher than Qd.

In this condition, in addition to having a different flow from the nominal one (therefore also a different temperature jump), there is also a greater absorption of electric power from the pump itself.

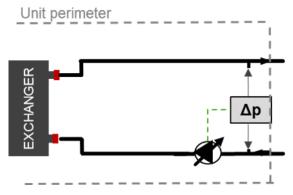


The use of the Flowzer allows the pump speed to be set manually (e.g. at speed n' instead of n) to obtain the design water flow rate and thermal gradient (point C). Once the adjustment procedure has been carried out, the pump will always work at a fixed flow rate.

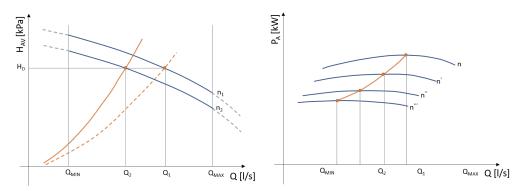
The adoption of the VP Flowzer allows to considerably reduce the electrical power consumption of the pump with a consequent energy saving. By way of example, a reduction in the flow rate of 10% leads to a reduction in power consumption of around 27%.

For the freecooling units the Flowzer VP is able to manage two different speeds of the pump automatically compensating the pressure drops of the water coil.

FVD FLOWZER VD - control of available pump discharge head for variable flow systems without monitoring the flow rate limits;



Flowzer VD requires two pressure transducers to be installed in the machine. Through these transducers, the inverter can gauge the actual pressure at the ends of the system and it can automatically adapt the pump speed to obtain a set available discharge head value. Flowzer VD must be combined with Flowzer VP. This accessory therefore allows a constant pressure system to be achieved.

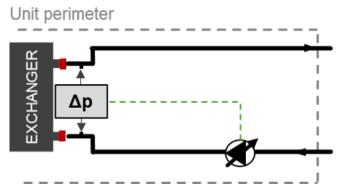


With the Flowzer VD, the customer can set, directly on the display, the available discharge head value (Hd) that the unit must maintain. As can be seen from the graph as the user request decreases, the resistant curve of the plant moves to the left, consequently the inverter reduces the speed of the pump in order to maintain the useful head necessary for the unit. With this system a significant reduction in electrical power is achieved. The customer will have to check that, in minimum flow rate conditions (that is, with the maximum number of user points closed), this is always higher than or equal to the minimum flow rate allowed by the unit.

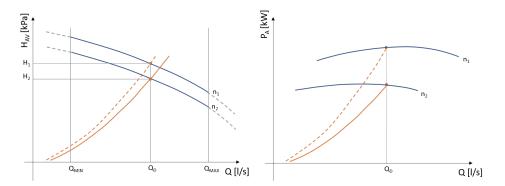
This accessory is useful when the total head losses of the circuit are slightly variable or when they change depending on the seasons (for example, some user points are active only during summer operation and not during winter operation).

The use of this accessory also allows the pump speed to be adapted to possible fouling of the filter on the hydraulic circuit.

# **FVDE FLOWZER VDE** - flow rate control to keep the flow rate constant as the external working conditions of the system change;

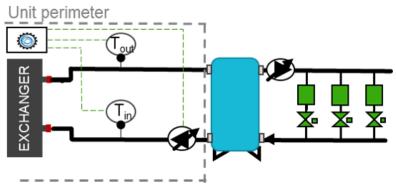


Flowzer VDE requires a differential pressure transducer to be installed in the machine. Through this transducer, the inverter can gauge the actual pressure at the ends of the heat exchanger installed in the machine and it can automatically adapt the pump speed for a constant flow value under all conditions. Flowzer VDE must be combined with Flowzer VP.



Flowzer VDE is used to automatically adjust the pump speed. As the graph shows, the inverter trips and increases the pump speed if a different condition occurs which would cause an undesired drop in the flow rate (e.g. operation of an external dry cooler). This is a more accurate solution than the VP option alone as it always provides for the water flow (Qd) required by the design conditions.

**FVDT FLOWZER VDT** - flow rate control with constant TD (difference between input and output temperature in the heat exchanger on the user side) in variable flow pumps, without monitoring the flow rate limits;



Flowzer VDT uses the temperature sensors installed at the inlet and outlet of the heat exchanger to automatically adjust the pump speed, thus keeping the T delta difference setpoint constant.

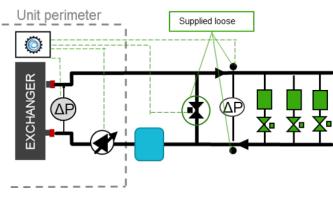
The option is not compatible with the Multilogic version. Please refer to the HYZER solutions for the compatibility between variable flow systems and multi-machine systems.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller and just one heat exchanger on the user side.

With the Flowzer VDT, the customer can set, directly on the display, the available delta T value that the unit must maintain. The customer will have to check that, in minimum flow rate conditions (that is, with the maximum number of user points closed), this is always higher than or equal to the minimum flow rate allowed by the unit.

This option is specifically designed for systems in which the system users have similar operating conditions (same temperature difference).

# FVF FLOWZER VFPP - automatic management of variable flow rate in systems with one single primary circuit and a bypass valve;



Bluethink solution for a variable flow rate system, consisting solely of a user-side primary circuit. Flowzer VFPP includes:

- a pressure transducer installed at the ends of the user-side exchanger ( $\Delta pe$ )
- a dedicated control system, installed at the factory in the electrical control panel of the unit (Sc)
- a modulating bypass valve with servo-motor supplied separately with it (Vbp), supplied loose (installation by the customer)
- two system pressure transducers (Δpp) supplied separately (installation by the customer)

It is obligatory for the option to be combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit. The accessory is not compatible with Multilogic. Please contact our sales department for further details.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller, just one heat exchanger on the user side and a minimum capacity step of 25% or less.

The option offers a complete default package to guarantee simple selection, purchasing and commissioning. Flowzer VFPP has the advantage of:

- implementing an innovative design, which is alternative to the classic system based on fixed flow-rate primary circuit plus secondary circuit
- being ideal for new or entirely redesigned systems, especially for comfort applications
- having a variable flow system, with maximum energy saving
- simplifying the layout of the user circuit
- limiting the capex of the system
- performing a reliable check

The Flowzer VFPP system controller uses an advanced algorithm that enables prevention of unnecessary waste of energy and hunting by the inverter and the bypass valve.

The capex of the system is also reduced thanks to:

- single inverter + pumping module, integrated in the unit
- small internal footprint, due to the simplified layout

The operating principle can be summarized as follows:

- Flowzer VFPP carries out constant control of the discharge head
- the controller modulates the pump speed according to the signal detected by the system transducers  $\Delta pp$
- as the demand from the system goes down, the pump speed will be reduced.
- the pump speed can be reduced until it reaches the minimum allowed flow rate on the heat exchanger of the unit
- this flow rate is indirectly monitored through the losses detected by the differential pressure transducer  $\Delta pe$
- When the minimum allowed flow rate threshold is exceeded, the control system will open the bypass valve Vbp to recirculate the flow rate that is not required by the system, but is necessary to guarantee the minimum flow rate to the heat exchanger.

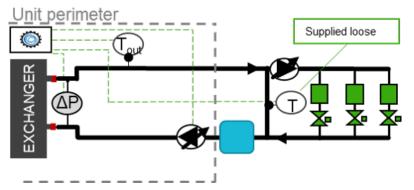
In the required minimum load condition (that is, with all system terminals switched off) the necessary minimum volume (Vmin) must be ensured by the relevant tank to be installed between the unit and the separator or the bypass pipe.

The bypass valve Vbp is controlled through a 0-10 V signal and must therefore be installed within 30 m of the unit.

The pressure transducers of the system  $\Delta pp$  provide a 4-20 mA signal and require two 1/4" female fittings. These transducers must be installed within 200 m of the unit, near the system terminal that is affected by the highest line head losses or in any case in a position where it is possible to measure an adequate pressure value.

Further details can be found in the relevant manual.

# FVPS FLOWZER VPS - automatic management of variable flow rate, including balancing of flow rates between primary and secondary circuits;



Bluethink solution for a variable flow rate system, consisting of a primary circuit plus secondary circuit. It is obligatory for the option to be combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit. The accessory is not compatible with Multilogic. Please contact our sales department for further details.

The unit must include the advanced BlueThink controller and just one heat exchanger on the user side.

The option offers a complete default package to guarantee simple selection, purchasing and commissioning. Flowzer VPS has the advantage of:

- being ideal for renovations of existing systems, especially for comfort applications
- achieving a complete variable flow system, with maximum energy saving
- implementing a flexible design, e.g. for scalable or multi-zone systems

The maximum energy saving is achieved thanks to the advanced algorithm, which prevents hunting by the inverter and balances the pump speed and the recirculation flow rate to a minimum.

With refurbishments, the system's capex is limited to the unit and its commissioning.

The dimensions of the inverter of the unit and of the pump module can be favoured by the low design discharge head of the primary circuit.

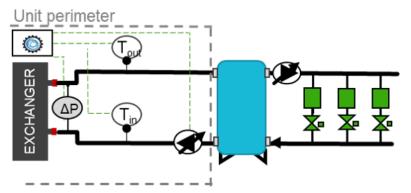
The operating principle can be summarized as follows:

- Flowzer VPS performs a smart check of the flow rate in the primary circuit and balances it with the flow rate in the secondary circuit.
- the system controller modulates the pump speed according to the condition detected by the system sensors T
- if the system terminals are switched off, the flow rate of the secondary circuit will decrease; therefore the direction of flow is detected indirectly as temperature difference by the system sensors through the separator or the bypass pipe
- The check thus contributes to reducing the speed of the primary pump until the min. flow threshold in the heat exchanger of the unit is exceeded.

• this flow rate is indirectly monitored through the losses detected by the differential pressure transducer  $\Delta pe$ In the required minimum load condition (that is, with all system terminals switched off) the necessary minimum volume (Vmin) must be ensured by the relevant tank to be installed between the unit and the separator or the bypass pipe.

The temperature sensors of the system T provide a 4-20 mA signal and require 1/2" female fittings. Further details can be found in the relevant manual.

**FVPD** FLOWZER VPS with TD-based control - automatic management of the variable flow rate, including control with constant temperature difference (TD) in the heat exchanger on the user side in systems featuring both the primary and secondary circuits.



Bluethink solution for variable flow systems - ideal for systems featuring a primary and a secondary circuit physically divided by a heat exchanger or a tank with multiple connections. flowzer vps with TD-based control includes:

• a differential pressure transducer, installed at the factory at the ends of the user-side heat exchanger of the unit ( $\Delta pe$ )

The option must be necessarily combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit. The option is not compatible with the Multilogic version. Please refer to the HYZER solutions for the compatibility between variable flow systems and multi-machine systems.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller and just one heat exchanger on the user side.

The option offers a complete default package to guarantee simple selection, purchasing and commissioning. flowzer vps with TD-based control offers the following advantages:

- a full package that is easy to install as all the regulating devices are pre-assembled and pre-wired in the unit;
- achieving a complete variable flow system, with maximum energy saving
- the ideal solution to refurbish existing systems where the T different must be kept constant in the system, especially in comfort applications;

The maximum energy saving is achieved thanks to the advanced algorithm, which prevents hunting by the inverter and balances the pump speed and the recirculation flow rate to a minimum.

The dimensions of the inverter of the unit and of the pump module can be favoured by the low design discharge head of the primary circuit.

The operating principle can be summarized as follows:

- flowzer vps with TD-based control performs smart monitoring of the flow rate in the primary circuit, keeping the T difference constant in the heat exchanger;
- the system controller modulates the pump speed according to the condition detected by the temperature sensors (T) in the system, which are installed at the inlet and outlet of the heat exchanger on the user side;
- the difference in the water temperature (T) and flow rate are inversely proportional, which is why if the T
  difference is reduced at the same performance level, the water flow exceeds the flow required by the system
  and the pump speed is reduced in order to save energy;

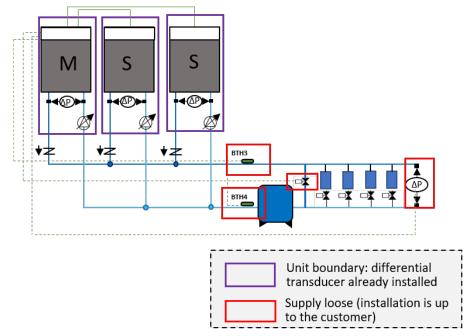
on the other hand, when the load increases, the T difference increases in the system and the pump speed is increased accordingly.

- The check contributes to reducing/increasing the speed of the pump in the primary circuit until the min./ max. flow threshold admitted in the heat exchanger of the unit is exceeded.
- this flow rate is indirectly monitored through the losses detected by the differential pressure transducer  $\Delta pe$ The temperature sensors of the system output a 4-20 mA signal.

Further details can be found in the relevant manual.

# HFx HYZER E VFPP function

The HYZER E VFPP function combines the Multilogic function, which is designed to manage multi-machine systems, with the FLOWZER VFPP control for variable flow systems.



It is obligatory for the option to be combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller, just one heat exchanger on the user side and a minimum capacity step of 25% or less.

Units operate according to the Master/Slave logic that is typical of a Multilogic system. For additional details, please refer to the FMx option.

The HYZER E function requested with the unit can be:

- HFO: HYZER E VFPP function for Slave units;
- HF2: HYZER E VFPP function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 2 Slave units;
- HF6: HYZER E VFPP function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 6 Slave units.

If you need to connect more than 6 slaves (up to 31), you can ask for a quotation from our sales department. For the slave units, the accessory requires:

• programming of the unit as slave of a system of machines in Multilogic network

For the master units, the accessory requires:

- programming of the unit as master of a system of machines in Multilogic network
- entering of the parameters necessary for connection with the individual slave units
- installation in the electrical control panel of a network switch to allow the units to be connected in a LAN network.
- the supply of 2 temperature probes to be positioned on the delivery and return manifold for system thermoregulation (supplied with the system - installation and wiring by the customer);
- the supply of two pressure transducers (supplied with the system installation and wiring by the customer) to be installed near the system terminal that is affected by the highest head losses in the line or in any case in a position where it is possible to measure an adequate pressure value.
- The option also includes the supply of a bypass valve controlled by a 0-10 V signal, which must be selected in function of the system capacity. Please refer to the VBx options for correct selection.

The connection between the master unit and the slave units made with a CAT cable. 5E/UTP (prepared by the customer) with RJ45 connectors. Maximum cable length 100m.

For further details, please refer to the controller manual.

# VBx VFPP bypass valve for HYZER E

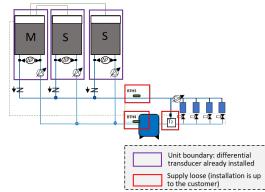
The option is supplied with the bypass valve, which is selected according to the system capacity. This option must be selected with either the "HYZER E VFPP function for Master unit to manage up to 2 Slave units" or "HYZER E VFPP function for Master unit to manage up to 6 Slave units".

	System capacity range**	Quantity	Diameter	Qmax**
	kW	-	in	m³/h
S_A	<240	1	2 1/2"	41.3
S_B	240÷335	1	3"	57.6
s_c	335÷570	1	4"	98
S_D	570÷850	1	5"	146.2
S_E	850÷1250	1	6"	215
S_F	1250÷1700	2	2 x 5''	2 x 146.2
S_G	1700÷2500	2	2 x 6''	2 x 215

\*\* values based on a 5 °C temperature difference between the delivery and the return temperature

# HSx HYZER E VPS function

The HYZER E VPS function combines the Multilogic function, which is used to manage multi-machine systems, with the FLOWZER VPS control for variable flow systems.



It is obligatory for the option to be combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller, just one heat exchanger on the user side and a minimum capacity step of 25% or less.

Units operate according to the Master/Slave logic that is typical of a Multilogic system. For additional details, please refer to the FMx option.

VPS control requires the installation on the machine of a differential transducer at the ends of the user-side heat exchanger in order to keep the flow rate in the system within a specific min. value allowed.

For additional details on the FLOWZER VPS logic, please refer to the dedicated FVPS option.

- The networked units may be of different types, and the same observations as for the Multilogic option apply:
- if there are both chiller units and heat pumps in the network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the HP units;
- if there are both free-cooling and non free-cooling units in the network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the free-cooling units.
- The HYZER E function requested with the unit can be:
- HSO: HYZER E VPS function for Slave units;
- HS2: HYZER E VPS function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 2 Slave units;
- **HS6:** HYZER E VPS function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 6 Slave units.

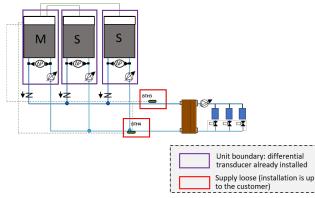
If you need to connect more than 6 slaves (up to 31), you can ask for a quotation from our sales department.

For the slave units, the accessory requires:

- programming of the unit as slave of a system of machines in Multilogic network
- For the master units, the accessory requires:
- programming of the unit as master of a system of machines in Multilogic network
- entering of the parameters necessary for connection with the individual slave units
- installation in the electrical control panel of a network switch to allow the units to be connected in a LAN network.
- the supply of 2 temperature probes to be installed on the delivery manifold and on the bypass branch, which are typical of VPS control (supplied with the system installation and wiring by the customer).

The connection between the master unit and the slave units made with a CAT cable. 5E/UTP (prepared by the customer) with RJ45 connectors. Maximum cable length 100m. For further details, please refer to the controller manual.

# HDx HYZER E VPS with DT-based control function



The HYZER E VPS with TD-based control function combines the Multilogic function, which is used to manage multi-machine systems, with the FLOWZER VPS with DT-based control control for variable flow systems.

It is obligatory for the option to be combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller, just one heat exchanger on the user side and a minimum capacity step of 25% or less.

Units operate according to the Master/Slave logic that is typical of a Multilogic system. For additional details, please refer to the FMx option.

VPS with DT-based control control requires the installation on the machine of a differential transducer at the ends of the user-side heat exchanger in order to keep the flow rate in the system within a specific min. value allowed.

For additional details on the FLOWZER VPS with TD-based control logic, please refer to the dedicated FVPS with DT-based control option.

The networked units may be of different types, and the same observations as for the Multilogic option apply:

- if there are both chiller units and heat pumps in the network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the HP units;
- if there are both free-cooling and non free-cooling units in the network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the free-cooling units.

The HYZER E function requested with the unit can be:

- HDO: HYZER E VPS with TD-based control function for Slave units;
- HD2: HYZER E VPS with TD-based control function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 2 Slave units;
- **HD6:** HYZER E VPS with TD-based control function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 6 Slave units.

If you need to connect more than 6 slaves (up to 31), you can ask for a quotation from our sales department.

For the slave units, the accessory requires:

- programming of the unit as slave of a system of machines in Multilogic network
- For the master units, the accessory requires:
- programming of the unit as master of a system of machines in Multilogic network
- entering of the parameters necessary for connection with the individual slave units
- installation in the electrical control panel of a network switch to allow the units to be connected in a LAN network.

The connection between the master unit and the slave units made with a CAT cable. 5E/UTP (prepared by the customer) with RJ45 connectors. Maximum cable length 100m. For further details, please refer to the controller manual.

# **PVX** Variable flow setup for HYZER X

The dedicated HYZER X controller is designed to manage the different units, devices and components that make up a hydronic system.

Systems featuring this controller require that the PVX option be installed at the ends of the user-side heat exchanger of a differential pressure transducer so that the machine is set up for variable flow rate control. This option is mandatory in all units making up the system.

For additional information on the product HYZER X, please refer to the specific technical catalogue.

# VIX Shut-off valves for systems with external pumps for HYZER X

Systems featuring the HYZER X controller enable the selection of the shut-off valve used in systems that have an external pumping unit.

The option is always supplied separately from the unit and is for installation by the customer.

# FLMX User-side flow meter for HYZER X

Systems featuring the HYZER X controller enable the selection of the flow meter option to calculate the flow rate and the performances of the units.

The option is supplied with the system for installation on the user side (installation by customer).

# **Electrical accessories**

# ARU Stopping of the unit due to temperatures below the operating limit

With this accessory, it is possible to set the unit so that the controller switches off the compressors when the unit is operating in heat pump mode and the external air temperature falls below a minimum set limit: this will prevent the unit from going into low pressure alarm, so avoiding having to manually restart the machine. When the external air temperature returns above the set threshold temperature, the unit will automatically resume operation without it being necessary to do anything.

For units equipped with integrated pump, the pump will always be kept running so as to prevent ice formation and ensure correct reading of the temperature and antifreeze safety probes at all times.

The stopping temperature must be set based on the set point temperature and in accordance with what is allowed by the operating limits of the machine.

The same function can be used to set an external air temperature below which to use an alternative heat source because it is more efficient or economically more advantageous.

#### CA Advanced control

With this accessory, the advanced control is used also for sizes/versions provided with the parametric control as standard.

# **COTW** Outgoing water temperature control

With this accessory, outgoing instead of incoming water temperature control is used.

# CP Single potential free operating contacts

For units fitted with this accessory, there are clean contacts available on the terminal board inside the electrical box from which the customer can acquire signals that show the status of the unit's components (compressors, fans, pumps, alarms).

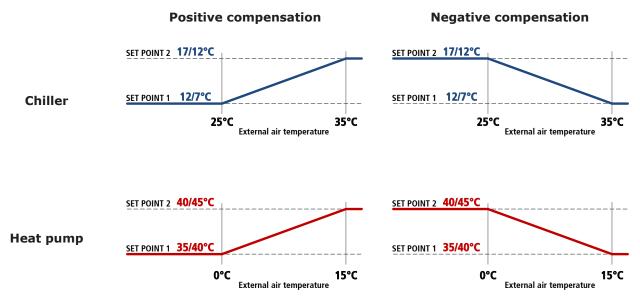
#### CSU Enabling for integration heater on user side

The accessory enables management of a heat source outside the unit which is supplementary to the user circuit.

#### CSP Set point compensation depending on external air temperature

For units fitted with this accessory, the set point of the unit is set so that it can vary between two values, a maximum and a minimum, depending on the external air temperature. The compensation ramp and the maximum and minimum values of the set point can be changed by the user.

Unless otherwise specified in the order, the controller will be set to implement a positive compensation logic according to the temperatures shown in the following diagrams:



#### IACV Automatic circuit breakers

With this accessory, automatic circuit breakers are installed instead of fuses for the protection of auxiliary loads. Also, the same accessory uses automatic circuit breakers with adjustable thermal overload protection to protect the compressors.

# LIID Limitation of the current absorbed by digital input

When this accessory is requested, a digital input is prepared in the terminal board to activate the forced capacity reduction of the unit to a set fixed level.

This accessory is useful when there is a need to necessarily limit the power absorbed by the unit as regards particular conditions.

We point out that, in some conditions (for example, during defrosting, oil return cycles or hourly compressor rotation procedures), the controller could force the unit to operate at full capacity for limited periods of time.

#### NSS Night Shift System

This accessory is applied to high efficiency /LN version units with speed adjuster or to SLN units.

In the day time band, which is normally the one with the highest heat load, priority is given to efficiency and therefore the machine works with a fan control curve that maximises the EER. In this time band, therefore, the unit is a high efficiency low noise machine (equivalent to HE/LN). In the night time band (or in any case from time band decided by the customer), the priority changes to limiting the noisiness of the machine and therefore the controller carries out an adjustment of the control ramp of the condensing fans, thereby reducing the air flow rate and consequently the noise emission level. So, in this time band, the unit is a super low noise machine (equivalent to SLN). In any case, if there is a need for additional cooling capacity, the controller will manage the demand, if necessary, by accelerating the fans and keeping condensation within the correct operating limits. The time slots can be set from the control depending on installation requirements.

When the unit is working in heat pump mode, in order to maximise the COP and to obtain the widest possible operating limits, the control of the unit forces the fans to the maximum speed also during the night time bands.

# **RAV** Anti-freeze heater for condensate drip tray

A heating cable, glued to the bottom, can be combined with the condensate drip tray to prevent ice formation at the base of the coil or near the drains.

The heater is controlled by a thermostat and is activated depending on the external air temperature.

Recommended accessory for installations in cold regions.

For Temperature below 0°C, is mandatory to configure unit with RAV option (No-frost heater for condensate drain pan)

# RAM Antifreeze oversized heater for condensate drip tray

A heating cable, glued to the bottom, can be combined with the condensate drip tray to prevent ice formation at the base of the coil or near the drains.

RAM accessory provide an oversizes electrical heaters system.

Heaters are managed with a thermostat , activated depending on outside air temperature.

Recommended accessory for installations in regions with temperatures below -5°C or in the case of installations particularly exposed to cold winds.

Include accessory RAV

# **RE1P** Relay for management of 1 external pump

This accessory can be requested for units without pumps and allows a pump outside the machine to be controlled.

#### **RE2P** Relay for management of 2 external pumps

This accessory can be requested for units without pumps and allows two pumps outside the machine to be controlled with a running/stand-by logic by implementing a rotation on the hours of operation. The two pumps are controlled by two separate relays.

# **RIF** Power factor correction to $\cos \phi \ge 0.95$

With this accessory, an electrical control panel (IP54 protection rating), containing power factor correction capacitors to make the  $\cos\phi$  of the unit greater than or equal to 0.95, is supplied with the unit. The capacitors should be connected (by the customer) to the electrical control panel of the unit in the specially prepared terminal board.

Besides reducing the absorbed reactive power, the use of this accessory also allows the maximum absorbed current to be lowered.

#### RMMT Maximum and minimum voltage relay

This accessory constantly monitors the voltage value and the unit's power supply phase sequence. If the supply voltage does not fall within the set parameters or there is a phase reversal, an alarm is generated that stops the machine to prevent damage to its main parts

#### ENM Energy meter

The accessory allows the main electrical quantities (including voltage, current, power) to be read on the three phases, via current transformer.

This accessory communicates with the BlueThink controller to supervise the monitored data. The values measured are then made available through the unit display and the web server.

# SETD Double set point from digital input

The accessory allows you to preset two different operating set points and manage the change from one to the other through a digital signal.

The set point temperatures must be specified when ordering. For optimization of the unit, reference will be made to the lower set point in chiller mode and the higher set point in heat pump mode.

Unless otherwise specified in the order, the controller will be set at the factory with the following temperatures: • in chiller mode, set point 1 to 7°C and set point 2 to 12°C

• in heat pump mode (only for HP units) set point 1 to 45°C and set point 2 to 40°C

If the difference between set point 1 and set point 2 is greater than 5K, it is compulsory to ask for the accessory "Electronic expansion valve".

# SETV Variable set point with remote signal

The accessory allows the set point to be varied continuously between two preset values, a maximum and a minimum, depending on an external signal that can be of the 0-1V, 0-10V or 4-20mA type.

The set point temperatures and the type of signal to use for the adjustment must be specified when ordering. For optimization of the unit, reference will be made to the lower set point in chiller mode and the higher set point in heat pump mode.

Unless otherwise specified in the order, the controller will be set at the factory with 0-10V analogue input and with the following temperatures:

- in chiller mode, 0V will correspond to a set point of 7°C and 10V will correspond to a set point of 12°C
- in heat pump mode (only for HP units), 0V will correspond to a set point of 45°C and 10V will correspond to a set point of 40°C

If the difference between the minimum set point and the maximum set point is greater than 5K, it is compulsory to ask for the accessory "Electronic expansion valve".

#### SOFT Electronic soft-starter

The scroll compressors have DOL (Direct On Line) starting and therefore the maximum inrush current IMIC will be 4/5 times its nominal current Inom.

If the unit is equipped with the electronic soft-starter accessory, the starting of each compressor is done with an acceleration ramp that allows the effective value (rms value) of the inrush current of the individual compressor to be lowered.





Current trend without accessory Electronic soft-starter

Current trend with accessory Electronic soft-starter

If the unit is equipped with accessory "Power factor correction to  $\cos \phi \ge 0.95$ ", this last will be electro-mechanically connected only at the end of the acceleration ramp of the soft-starter.

#### SQE Heater for electrical control panel

Electric heaters are positioned inside the electrical control panel and these prevent the formation of ice or condensation inside it.

#### **TERM** Remote-controlled user terminal panel

This accessory allows the terminal normally situated on the machine to be replicated on a support situated at a distance. It is particularly suitable when the unit is placed in an area that is not easily accessible. The accessory is supplied loose and is to be installed by the customer at a maximum distance of 120m from the unit. We advise using a cable of the following type: "TECO O.R. FE 2x2xAWG24 SN/ST/PUR". For this accessory, there is a dedicated serial port.

# **Network accessories**

# **BEET Blueye® via Ethernet**

**Blueye** is a supervision platform that enables remote monitoring of one or more units in the same system interconnected through a network with Modbus protocol.

This accessory features the Blueye device, as already installed and wired in the unit.

The critical variables to be monitored over time are identified for each connected device. These variables are sampled and saved to the cloud so that they are accessible at all times through a web portal or a mobile APP (available for Android and iOS).

The following options can be selected for connection to the internet:

- a LAN (Ethernet) connection available in the system;
- a connection to a mobile network at least 3G. The data SIM card is not included.

Three different types of contracts can be signed.

# Blueye® Cloud Basic:

- to monitor a max. of 20 variables in total over max. 5 units/peripherals;
- to set a min. sampling frequency of 60 seconds.

#### Blueye® Cloud Advanced:

- to monitor a max. of 200 variables in total over max. 10 units/peripherals;
- to set a min. sampling frequency of 5 seconds.

#### Blueye® Connect:

• To monitor up to 10 units/peripherals.

- Subscribing to any of the **Blueye® Cloud** enables:
- viewing the history of the monitored variables, in the form of both numerical values and graphs;
- downloading the history of variables in CSV format;
- the creation of automatic reports;
- setting notifications (via APP or mail) with settable thresholds for each variable;
- switching the unit ON/OFF remotely;;
- changing the set point remotely;
- selection of SUMMER/WINTER mode remotely (for reversible units only).

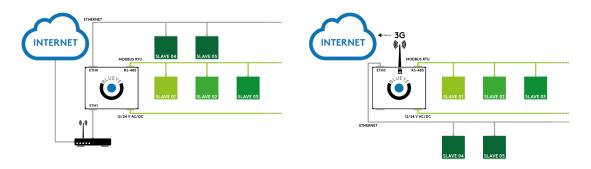
The subscription to the **Blueye® Connect** service offers the advantages below:

- a safe connection (tunnelling) between the user and the remote unit through the Blueye® portal;
- full access to the remote controller;
- real time monitoring;
- software upgrading.

**Blueye® via Ethernet** is only available for units supplied with an advanced controller and does not include any type of service. This service must be purchased separately based on the number of units/devices to be connected and the number of variables to be monitored. In order to connect multiple units to **Blueye® de**vice, the network switch is required (this accessory is sold separately).

Units can also be connected to the Blueye device through the RS485 network featuring a Modbus RTU protocol (for this option, refer to BERS accessory).

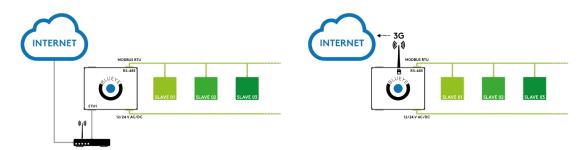
For further details, refer to the specific Blueye® documentation.



#### BERS Blueye® via RS485

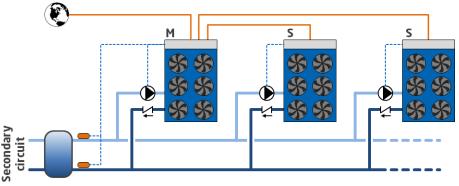
This accessory requires use of the Blueye device, installed and wired in the unit through a RS485 serial port on the ModBus RTU protocol.

This option requires integration with one contract of the Blueye Cloud series. (Basic or Advanced one)



#### FMx Multilogic Function

The Multilogic function allows management of up to 32 units equipped with advanced Bluethink controller and connected in hydraulic parallel with each other.



On the basis of the information recorded by the temperature probes installed on the delivery and return manifolds of the system, with the master unit, a capacity request is generated that is distributed among the units connected in the Multilogic network according to settable priority and optimization logics.

The connected units can be different from each other, in terms of capacity and set-up, provided the following rules are complied with:

If communication between the units fails or if the master is off-line, the slave units can continue to work according to the set thermoregulation parameters.

The connected units can be different from each other, in terms of capacity and set-up, provided the following rules are complied with:

- if there are both chiller units and heat pumps in the Multilogic network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the HP units
- if there are both free cooling and non free-cooling units in the Multilogic network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the free-cooling units.

#### WIFI Wi-Fi

The accessory includes the supply of a Hot Spot WiFi already installed, wired and configured, complete with antenna. This accessory requires the Ethernet port of the controller to be available or, alternatively, a network switch with at least one available port to be present in the machine.

The Multilogic function that can be requested with the unit can be:

- FMO: Multilogic function for Slave unit
- FM2: Multilogic function for Master unit for managing up to 2 Slaves
- **FM6:** Multilogic function for Master unit for managing up to 6 Slaves

If you need to connect more than 6 slaves (up to 31), you can ask for a quotation from our sales department. For the slave units, the accessory requires:

• programming of the unit as slave of a system of machines in Multilogic network

For the master units, the accessory requires:

- programming of the unit as master of a system of machines in Multilogic network
- entering of the parameters necessary for connection with the individual slave units
- installation in the electrical control panel of a network switch to allow the units to be connected in a LAN network.
- the supply of 2 temperature probes to be positioned on the delivery and return manifold of the system (supplied separately with it, installation and wiring by the customer)

The connection between the master unit and the slave units made with a CAT cable. 5E/UTP (prepared by the customer) with RJ45 connectors. Maximum cable length 100m.

For further details, please refer to the controller manual.

# GLO Modbus Lonworks Gateway

With this accessory, a RS485/Lon gateway is installed inside the electrical control panel. By default, the programming gives read-only access to the control of the unit. Reading / writing access is activable on field with a service level.

# PBA BACnet protocol over IP (Ethernet)

The controller is set for use, in read and write mode, of the BACnet port on IP protocol. By default, the programming gives read-only access to the control of the unit. Reading / writing access is activable on field with a service level.

# SERI RS485 serial connection with Modbus protocol

RS485 serial connection with Modbus protocol

#### SMAR Smartlink function predisposition

This accessory makes it possible to connect the controller of the unit with the controller of a Swegon GOLD<sup>™</sup> air handling unit via a simple serial cable, so allowing their operating logics to be merged into a single consciousness that pursues the maximum energy efficiency of the system. The RS485 serial interface is already included and dedicated to connection with Swegon units. The option is incompatible with:

- double set point
- variable set point with remote signal
- summer/winter selection by digital input
- set point compensation depending on external air temperature
- multilogic
- all communication protocols.

# SMAP Setup of Smartlink+ functions

This option is used to connect the controller in the unit with the controller of a Swegon GOLD<sup>™</sup> air handling unit via the Ethernet port TCP/IP, so allowing the operating logics of hydronic and ventilation systems to be merged into a single logic for the achievement of maximum energy efficiency and comfort. This option is only available for units featuring an advanced controller and it is compatible with Multilogic and Hyzer systems only if the machine is the Master.

The option is incompatible with:

- double set point
- variable set point with remote signal
- · set point compensation depending on external air temperature
- all communication protocols.

# **PSN** SNMP protocol

The accessory consists of a gateway that allows Ethernet connection to a SNMP manager supervision system. The use of this accessory causes the RS485 serial port to be unavailable.

# SW4P Network switch with 4 ports

The accessory includes installation in DIN rail of a professional 4-port network switch.Requires Blueye via Ethernet.

# SW8P Network switch with 8 ports

The accessory includes installation in DIN rail of a professional 8-port network switch. Requires Blueye via Ethernet.

# **Other accessories**

#### AG Rubber anti-vibration mounts

These allow you to reduce the vibrations transmitted from the unit to the surface it is standing on. Accessory supplied loose.

#### ALPR Pre-painted aluminium coil

This option uses finned pack coils with copper tubes and pre-painted aluminium fins.

#### ANTC Coil treated with anti-corrosion paints

The treatment is applied to the finned pack coils with copper pipes and aluminum fins and consists in the passivation of the aluminum with a polyurethane base through a procedure of immersion and then of a spray application of the coating that guarantees a double protection of the finning all over the exposure to the most aggressive environmental conditions even for more particular (or niche) process applications.

Specifically, the immersion process guarantees complete coverage of galvanic corrosion while the application of the spray protects the ends of the fins which represent the critical point for the initiation of the corrosion phenomenon.

The choice of whether or not to treat the exchanger should be made in relation to the environment in which the unit is to be installed and through observation of other structures and machinery with exposed metal surfaces present in the destination environment.

The cross observation criterion is the most valid method of selection currently available without having to carry out preliminary tests or measurements with instruments.

Protective treatment of the exchanger is strongly recommended if at least one of the points below is verified:

- there are obvious signs of corrosion on the exposed metal surfaces in the installation area
- the installation is located close to the sea coast
- the prevailing winds come from the sea and travel in the direction of the unit
- the environment is industrial with a significant concentration of pollutants
- · it is an urban environment with a high population density
- it is a rural environment with the presence of organic discharges and effluents

For chiller units, this accessory also includes the "Cu/Al coil" accessory.

# With reference to the protection criteria to follow, especially for installations close to the coast, refer to the section titled "Installations that require the use of treated coils".

#### SLIT Special pallet/skid for container shipment

The unit is placed on a skid that makes the container loading and unloading operations easier. The accessory is mandatory if shipping by container is required

#### GABB Packaging in wooden crate

The unit is protected by a custom-made wooden cage, including a wooden sled designed for loading into containers and a fixing system. The accessory can be used for container shipping. Loading on containers must be carried out at the factory. The accessory is incompatible with "Skid for shipping in containers".

#### MCHE E-coated microchannel coil

The e-coated microchannel coils are treated by immersion of the whole exchanger in an emulsion of organic resins, solvents, ionic stabilisers and deionised water. This is all subjected to a suitable electric field that causes the formation of a solid, uniform deposit on the exchanger. The function of this deposit will be to protect the aluminium from corrosion without penalising its thermophysical properties.

Protective treatment of the exchanger is strongly recommended if at least one of the points below is verified:

- there are obvious signs of corrosion of the exposed metal surfaces in the installation area
- the installation is located close to the sea coast
- the prevailing winds come from the sea towards the unit
- the environment is industrial with a significant concentration of pollutants
- the environment is urban with a high population density
- the environment is rural with the presence of organic discharges and effluents.

With reference to the protection criteria to follow, especially for installations close to the coast, refer to the section titled "Installations that require the use of treated coils".

### RAAL Cu/Al coils

This accessory uses finned pack coils with copper tubes and aluminium fins instead of microchannel coils.

### **RAT** Anti-intrusion nets

An arc-welded, painted net (RAL colour 7035) is installed to close off the external openings so as to prevent access to the technical compartment by unauthorized personnel.



### **KTC** Condensate drain pan connection pipes kit

Pipes for draining water collected in the condesate drain tray are supplied assembled and connected. Pipes are supplied connected and fixed for a "plug and play" installation needs RAV or RAM accessory Electrical heating resistances are installed inside drain pipes to avoid ice formation

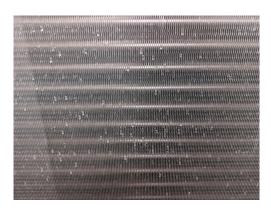
### IDRO Coil pack with hydrophilic coating

Hydrophilic coating is a special treatment applied to the finned coils (source side) in heat pump units to facilitate drainage of the condensate that forms on the surface of the heat exchanger.

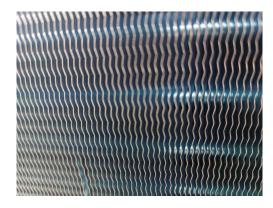
This treatment causes the water vapour to form a film of condensate on the surfaces of the fins, which, thanks to the low surface tension, drains rapidly into the drip tray (if present) positioned beneath the coils.

Compared to traditional finned coils in untreated aluminium, the hydrophilic coating delays the necessity to defrost the heat exchanger, thereby extending the interval between defrosting cycles and boosting its efficiency and, hence, improving the performance and energy consumption of the heat pump.

In the absence of the hydrophilic coating, the humidity present in the air condenses in the form of drops, which, due to the greater friction, are more likely to remain trapped within the coil pack, limiting the passage of air and impacting negatively on heat exchange, this causes the surface temperature to drop further (due to a decrease in the evaporation temperature), facilitating the formation of ice and reducing the interval between defrosting cycles. This effect is even more pronounced in the case of installations in particularly windy areas. The following is a comparison between a standard finned coil pack and a pack treated with the hydrophilic coating at the end of the defrosting cycle, on the same unit, with an external DB air temperature of -2°C. Note the residual presence of water droplets on the untreated heat exchanger, as compared to perfectly clean surface of the treated unit.



Standard, untreated coil pack



Coil pack with hydrophilic coating

While it is not specifically designed for use in marine environments, an additional advantage of the hydrophilic coating is its greater resistance to salt fog conditions with respect to untreated aluminium.

To avoid compromising the benefits of applying the treatment, or prevent additional problems from arising in the case of untreated units, it is also necessary to ensure the condensed water is drained correctly, so as to prevent the formation of ice at the base of the heat exchanger, which could cause it to extend to the entire coil pack, compromising the efficiency of the defrosting cycle, and hence the operation and performance of the unit.

With this in mind, the following accessories are available:

- VASC\_condensate drip tray (available either as standard or optional, depending on the series/model of the unit)
- RAV\_anti-freeze element (available either as standard or optional, depending on the series/model of the unit)
- RAM\_high power anti-freeze element
- KTC\_drip tray connector tube kit (for units equipped with drip tray)

The hydrophilic coating is not compatible with other treatments included in the price list.

# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

# **TETRIS SKY R7 [R32]**

			21.2	24.2	27.3	31.3	37.3
Cooling							
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	199.6	237.2	273.9	311.8	361
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	62	79.8	86.5	104.3	116.5
EER	(1)		3.22	2.97	3.17	2.99	3.1
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-	-
Compressors							
Compressors/Circuits		n°	2/1	2/1	3/1	3/1	3/1
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	39	50	28	24	33
Refrigerant charge CH (MCHX)	(3)	kg	19	19	25	25	31
Refrigerant charge CH (Cu/Al)	(3)	kg	21	21	28	28	34
Fans							
Quantity		n°	3	3	4	4	5
Total air flow rate CH (MCHX)		m³/h	58029	58029	77372	77372	96715
User-side heat exchanger							
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	34.3	40.8	47.1	53.7	62.1
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	30	33	32	34	42
Noise levels							
Sound power level cooling	(4)	dB(A)	91	93	92	93	95
Sound pressure level cooling	(6)	dB(A)	59	61	60	61	63
Sound power level of vers. LN cooling	(4)	dB(A)	86	88	87	88	90
Sound pressure level of vers. LN cooling	(6)	dB(A)	54	56	55	56	58
Dimensions and weights**							
Length		mm	2693	2693	2693	2693	3838
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	1634	1710	1854	1945	2360

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511 (2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

 (3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.
 (4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744. (5) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2. (6) Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for cal-(7)culating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section.

Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories (8) Basic unit without included accessories

			26.4	28.4	30.4	34.4	38.4
Cooling							
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	245.2	272.7	293	331	372.5
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	77.9	87.9	97.3	106.2	115.6
EER	(1)		3.15	3.1	3.01	3.12	3.22
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-	-
Compressors							
Compressors/Circuits		n°	4/2	4/2	4/2	4/2	4/2
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	25	22	25	18	17
Refrigerant charge CH (MCHX)	(3)	kg	26	26	26	32	38
Refrigerant charge CH (Cu/Al)	(3)	kg	36	36	36	45	53
Fans		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Quantity		n°	4	4	4	5	6
Total air flow rate CH (MCHX)		m³/h	77372	77372	77372	96715	116058
User-side heat exchanger							
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	42.2	46.9	50.4	57	64.1
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	40	37	43	41	42
Noise levels							
Sound power level cooling	(4)	dB(A)	90	90	90	92	93
Sound pressure level cooling	(6)	dB(A)	58	58	58	60	61
Sound power level of vers. LN cooling	(4)	dB(A)	86	86	86	86	87
Sound pressure level of vers. LN cooling	(6)	dB(A)	54	54	54	54	55
Dimensions and weights**							
Length		mm	2693	2693	2693	3838	3838
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	1895	1915	1936	2408	2450

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511 (2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

 (3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.
 (4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744. (5) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2. (6) Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for cal-(7)culating the minimum volume of water: to d this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section. Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories

(8) Basic unit without included accessories

			40.4	44.4	47.5	50.6	54.6
Cooling							
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	392.7	432.4	464.5	498.2	534.9
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	122.6	139.6	146.2	153.7	171.1
EER	(1)		3.2	3.1	3.18	3.24	3.13
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-	-
Compressors							
Compressors/Circuits		n°	4/2	4/2	5/2	6/2	6/2
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	19	18	16	15	14
Refrigerant charge CH (MCHX)	(3)	kg	38	38	44	50	50
Refrigerant charge CH (Cu/Al)	(3)	kg	53	53	61	70	70
Fans							
Quantity		n°	6	6	7	8	8
Total air flow rate CH (MCHX)		m³/h	116058	116058	135401	154744	154744
User-side heat exchanger							
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	67.6	74.4	79.9	85.7	92
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	44	22	26	30	29
Noise levels							
Sound power level cooling	(4)	dB(A)	93	93	93	94	95
Sound pressure level cooling	(6)	dB(A)	61	61	61	62	63
Sound power level of vers. LN cooling	(4)	dB(A)	87	88	88	90	90
Sound pressure level of vers. LN cooling	(6)	dB(A)	55	56	55.5	57.5	57.5
Dimensions and weights**							
Length		mm	3838	3838	4992	4992	4992
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	2473	2620	3152	3180	3275

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511
 (2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

 (2) Outside an emperature 7 e bb, o e wb, condenser metroduce water emperature 4745 er values complaint war standard er 14511
 (3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.
 (4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchange and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744. (5) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section. (6)

Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for cal-(7) culating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section.

Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories (8) \*\* Basic unit without included accessories

			60.6	64.6	70.6	72.6
Cooling						
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	588	636.8	675.1	712.7
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	183.2	196.1	212.9	228.8
EER	(1)		3.21	3.25	3.17	3.12
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-
Compressors						
Compressors/Circuits		n°	6/2	6/2	6/2	6/2
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	13	12	11	17
Refrigerant charge CH (MCHX)	(3)	kg	56	62	62	62
Refrigerant charge CH (Cu/Al)	(3)	kg	78	87	87	87
Fans						
Quantity		n°	9	10	10	10
Total air flow rate CH (MCHX)		m³/h	174087	193430	193430	193430
User-side heat exchanger						
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	101.2	109.6	116.2	122.6
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	29	28	32	36
Noise levels						
Sound power level cooling	(4)	dB(A)	96	97	97	98
Sound pressure level cooling	(6)	dB(A)	64	65	65	66
Sound power level of vers. LN cooling	(4)	dB(A)	91	92	92	93
Sound pressure level of vers. LN cooling	(6)	dB(A)	58.5	59.5	59.5	60.5
Dimensions and weights**						
Length		mm	6136	6136	6136	6136
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	3722	3776	3876	3932

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511
 (2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

 (2) Outside an emperature 7 e bb, o e wb, condenser metroduce water emperature 4745 er values complaint war standard er 14511
 (3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.
 (4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744. (5) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section. (6)

Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for cal-(7) culating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section.

 (8) Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories
 \*\* Basic unit without included accessories Basic unit without included accessories

			21.2	24.2	27.3	31.3	37.3
Cooling							
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	188.5	221.3	258.5	291.4	339.6
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	65.3	85.2	91.1	111.4	123.5
EER	(1)		2.89	2.6	2.84	2.62	2.75
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-	-
Compressors							
Compressors/Circuits		n°	2/1	2/1	3/1	3/1	3/1
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	39	50	28	24	33
Refrigerant charge CH (MCHX)	(3)	kg	19	19	25	25	31
Refrigerant charge CH (Cu/Al)	(3)	kg	21	21	28	28	34
Fans							
Quantity		n°	3	3	4	4	5
Total air flow rate CH (MCHX)		m³/h	38448	38448	51264	51264	64080
User-side heat exchanger							
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	32.4	38.1	44.5	50.1	58.4
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	26	30	29	32	39
Noise levels							
Sound power lev. SLN vers.	(4)	dB(A)	84	86	85	86	88
Sound pressure lev. SLN vers.	(6)	dB(A)	52	54	53	54	56
Dimensions and weights**							
Length		mm	2693	2693	2693	2693	3838
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	1724	1800	2003	2095	2510

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils
(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511
(2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511
(3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.
(4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.
(5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744.
(6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values See NOISE LEVEL S section.

Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for cal-culating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section. Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories (7)

(8) Basic unit without included accessories

			26.4	28.4	30.4	34.4	38.4
Cooling							
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	234.5	258.5	275.9	311.8	352.1
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	79.6	91.3	102.3	108.7	115.7
EER	(1)		2.95	2.83	2.7	2.87	3.04
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-	-
Compressors							
Compressors/Circuits		n°	4/2	4/2	4/2	4/2	4/2
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	25	22	25	18	17
Refrigerant charge CH (MCHX)	(3)	kg	26	26	26	32	38
Refrigerant charge CH (Cu/Al)	(3)	kg	36	36	36	45	53
Fans							
Quantity		n°	4	4	4	5	6
Total air flow rate CH (MCHX)		m³/h	51264	51264	51264	64080	76896
User-side heat exchanger							
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	40.4	44.5	47.5	53.7	60.6
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	37	34	38	37	38
Noise levels							
Sound power lev. SLN vers.	(4)	dB(A)	84	84	84	84	85
Sound pressure lev. SLN vers.	(6)	dB(A)	52	52	52	52	53
Dimensions and weights**							
Length		mm	2693	2693	2693	3838	3838
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	2045	2065	2086	2558	2600

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils
(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511
(2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511
(3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.
(4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.
(5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744.
(6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values See NOISE LEVEL S section.

Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for cal-culating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section. Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories (7)

(8) Basic unit without included accessories

			40.4	44.4	47.5	50.6	54.6
Cooling							
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	374.1	409.2	441.6	475	508
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	126.6	145.5	151.2	158.1	177.6
EER	(1)		2.96	2.81	2.92	3.01	2.86
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-	-
Compressors							
Compressors/Circuits		n°	4/2	4/2	5/2	6/2	6/2
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	19	18	16	15	14
Refrigerant charge CH (MCHX)	(3)	kg	38	38	44	50	50
Refrigerant charge CH (Cu/Al)	(3)	kg	53	53	61	70	70
Fans							
Quantity		n°	6	6	7	8	8
Total air flow rate CH (MCHX)		m³/h	76896	76896	89712	102528	102528
User-side heat exchanger							
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	64.4	70.4	76	81.7	87.4
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	40	20	23	27	27
Noise levels							
Sound power lev. SLN vers.	(4)	dB(A)	85	86	86	88	88
Sound pressure lev. SLN vers.	(6)	dB(A)	53	54	54	56	56
Dimensions and weights**							
Length		mm	3838	3838	4992	4992	4992
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	2623	2770	3362	3390	3485

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils (1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511 (2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

(3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.

(4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification (5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744.

Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section. (6)

(7) Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for calculating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section.
 (8) Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories

Basic unit without included accessories

			60.6	64.6	70.6	72.6
Cooling						
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	560.1	607.2	641.5	673.8
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	188.8	201.6	220.5	239.2
EER	(1)		2.97	3.01	2.91	2.82
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-
Compressors						
Compressors/Circuits		n°	6/2	6/2	6/2	6/2
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	13	12	11	17
Refrigerant charge CH (MCHX)	(3)	kg	56	62	62	62
Refrigerant charge CH (Cu/Al)	(3)	kg	78	87	87	87
Fans						
Quantity		n°	9	10	10	10
Total air flow rate CH (MCHX)		m³/h	115344	128160	128160	128160
User-side heat exchanger						
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	96.4	104.5	110.4	115.9
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	27	26	29	32
Noise levels						
Sound power lev. SLN vers.	(4)	dB(A)	89	89	89	90
Sound pressure lev. SLN vers.	(6)	dB(A)	57	57	57	58
Dimensions and weights**						
Length		mm	6136	6136	6136	6136
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	3932	3986	4086	4142

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils (1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511 (2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

(3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.

(4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification (5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744.

(6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

(7) Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for calculating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section.
 (8) Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories

Basic unit without included accessories

			26.4	28.4	34.4	38.4
Cooling						
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	246.5	270.7	302.5	351.5
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	74.9	84.3	100.2	110.5
EER	(1)		3.29	3.21	3.02	3.18
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-
Heating						
Heating capacity	(2)	kW	259.3	284.6	326.3	379
Total absorbed power	(2)	kW	78.4	85.4	97.7	114.5
COP	(2)		3.31	3.33	3.34	3.31
Eurovent efficiency class	(2)		-	-	-	-
Compressors						
Compressors/Circuits		n°	4/2	4/2	4/2	4/2
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	22	25	22	19
Refrigerant charge HP	(3)	kg	42	42	42	56
Fans						
Quantity		n°	6	6	6	8
Total air flow rate HP		m³/h	117984	117984	117984	157312
User-side heat exchanger						
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	42.4	46.6	52.1	60.5
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	33	26	39	38
Water flow rate HP	(2)	m³/h	44.6	48.9	56.1	65.2
Pressure drop HP	(2)	kPa	34	30	32	41
Noise levels						
Sound power level cooling	(4)	dB(A)	90	90	92	94
Sound pressure level cooling	(6)	dB(A)	58	58	60	62
Sound power level of vers. LN cooling	(4)	dB(A)	87	87	88	90
Sound pressure level of vers. LN cooling	(6)	dB(A)	55	55	56	58
Dimensions and weights**						
Length		mm	3838	3838	3838	4992
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	2612	2642	2780	3366

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

(2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511 Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ. (3)

(4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

(5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744.
(6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2.

Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for cal-culating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section. (7)

\*\* Basic unit without included accessories

			40.4	44.4	47.5	50.5
Cooling						
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	395.3	423	456.8	494.1
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	127.5	142.9	149.3	162.5
EER	(1)		3.1	2.96	3.06	3.04
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-
Heating					•	
Heating capacity	(2)	kW	420.5	459.1	485.9	533
Total absorbed power	(2)	kW	127.6	139	146.8	159.9
СОР	(2)		3.3	3.3	3.31	3.33
Eurovent efficiency class	(2)		-	-	-	-
Compressors						
Compressors/Circuits		n°	4/2	4/2	5/2	5/2
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	17	25	24	22
Refrigerant charge HP	(3)	kg	56	56	62	68
Fans						
Quantity		n°	8	8	9	10
Total air flow rate HP		m³/h	157312	157312	176976	196640
User-side heat exchanger						
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	68	72.8	78.6	85
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	44	23	23	23
Water flow rate HP	(2)	m³/h	72.3	79	83.6	91.7
Pressure drop HP	(2)	kPa	44	23	23	22
Noise levels				·		
Sound power level cooling	(4)	dB(A)	94	94	95	96
Sound pressure level cooling	(6)	dB(A)	62	62	63	64
Sound power level of vers. LN cooling	(4)	dB(A)	90	90	91	92
Sound pressure level of vers. LN cooling	(6)	dB(A)	58	58	59	60
Dimensions and weights**						
Length		mm	4992	4992	6136	6136
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	3500	3670	4142	4335

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

(2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511 (3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.

(4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

(5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744.
(6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2.

Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for cal-culating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section. (7)

\*\* Basic unit without included accessories

			54.5	60.6	64.6	70.6
Cooling						
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	547.1	565.5	610.6	667
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	176.5	181.3	195.1	210.4
EER	(1)		3.1	3.12	3.13	3.17
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)		-	-	-	-
Heating						
Heating capacity	(2)	kW	579.5	611.3	657.4	702.6
Total absorbed power	(2)	kW	174.9	181.8	195.9	210.1
COP	(2)		3.31	3.36	3.36	3.35
Eurovent efficiency class	(2)		-	-	-	-
Compressors						
Compressors/Circuits		n°	5/2	6/2	6/2	6/2
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	20	19	18	17
Refrigerant charge HP	(3)	kg	75	82	89	96
Fans						
Quantity		n°	11	12	13	14
Total air flow rate HP		m³/h	216304	235968	255632	275296
User-side heat exchanger						
Quantity		n°	1	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	94.1	97.3	105.1	114.8
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	25	25	26	28
Water flow rate HP	(2)	m³/h	99.7	105.1	113.1	120.8
Pressure drop HP	(2)	kPa	21	26	27	27
Noise levels						
Sound power level cooling	(4)	dB(A)	96	96	97	97
Sound pressure level cooling	(6)	dB(A)	64	64	64	64
Sound power level of vers. LN cooling	(4)	dB(A)	92	92	93	93
Sound pressure level of vers. LN cooling	(6)	dB(A)	60	60	60	60
Dimensions and weights**						
Length		mm	7282	7282	8430	8430
Depth		mm	2260	2260	2260	2260
Height		mm	2476	2476	2476	2476
Operating weight		kg	4893	4953	5520	5757

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

(2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511 Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ. (3)

(4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

(5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744.
(6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2.

Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for cal-culating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section. (7)

\*\* Basic unit without included accessories

			26.4	28.4	34.4	38.4
Cooling						
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	240.7	265.1	293.7	343.6
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	75.6	85.4	102.6	112.1
EER	(1)		3.19	3.11	2.86	3.07
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)			-		
Heating						
Heating capacity	(2)	kW	259.3	284.6	326.3	379
Total absorbed power	(2)	kW	78.4	85.4	97.7	114.5
COP	(2)		3.31	3.33	3.34	3.31
Eurovent efficiency class	(2)			-		
Compressors						
Compressors/Circuits		n°		4/	2	
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	22	25	22	19
Refrigerant charge HP	(3)	kg		52		68
Fans						
Quantity		n°		6		8
Total air flow rate HP		m³/h		78660		104880
User-side heat exchanger						
Quantity		n°		1		
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	41.4	45.6	50.5	59.1
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	32	29	30	39
Water flow rate HP	(2)	m³/h	44.6	48.9	56.1	65.2
Pressure drop HP	(2)	kPa	34	30	32	41
Noise levels						
Sound power lev. SLN vers.	(4)	dB(A)	8	34	86	88
Sound pressure lev. SLN vers.	(6)	dB(A)	52 54		56	
Dimensions and weights**						
Length		mm		3838		4992
Depth		mm		22	50	
Height		mm		24	76	
Operating weight		kg	2754	2762	2932	3518

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

(2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

(3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.

(4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

(5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat

exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744. (6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2.

Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.
(7) Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for calculating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section.

(8) Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories

\*\* Basic unit without included accessories

			40.4	44.4	47.5	50.5
Cooling						
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	384.4	411.3	443.6	479.7
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	130.6	146.6	153.5	166.4
EER	(1)		2.94	2.81	2.89	2.88
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)				-	
Heating						
Heating capacity	(2)	kW	420.5	459.1	485.9	533
Total absorbed power	(2)	kW	127.6	139	146.8	159.9
COP	(2)		3	.3	3.31	3.33
Eurovent efficiency class	(2)				-	
Compressors						
Compressors/Circuits		n°	4	/2	5	/2
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	17	25	24	22
Refrigerant charge HP	(3)	kg	e	58	76	84
Fans						
Quantity		n°		8	9	10
Fotal air flow rate HP		m³/h	104	1880	117990	131100
Jser-side heat exchanger						
Quantity		n°			1	
Nater flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	66.1	70.8	76.3	82.5
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	41	21	22	20
Nater flow rate HP	(2)	m³/h	72.3	79	83.6	91.7
Pressure drop HP	(2)	kPa	44	2	23	22
Noise levels						
Sound power lev. SLN vers.	(4)	dB(A)	8	38	89	90
Sound pressure lev. SLN vers.	(6)	dB(A)	[	56	57	58
Dimensions and weights**						
_ength		mm	49	992	61	.36
Depth		mm		22	260	
Height		mm		24	176	
Operating weight		kg	3652	3820	4351	4544

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511 (2)

Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ. (3)

(4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat (5)

exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744. (6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2.

Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for cal-(7)culating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section.

(8) Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories

Basic unit without included accessories

			54.5	60.6	64.6	70.6
Cooling						
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	530.5	550.9	596	650.4
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	181.4	184.6	198.5	214.2
EER	(1)		2.93	2.99	3	3.04
Eurovent efficiency class	(1)				-	
Heating						
Heating capacity	(2)	kW	579.5	611.3	657.4	702.6
Total absorbed power	(2)	kW	174.9	181.8	195.9	210.1
COP	(2)		3.31	3.	36	3.35
Eurovent efficiency class	(2)				-	
Compressors						
Compressors/Circuits		n°	5/2		6/2	
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	20	19	18	17
Refrigerant charge HP	(3)	kg	84	1	02	110
Fans						
Quantity		n°	11	12	13	14
Total air flow rate HP		m³/h	144210	157320	170430	183540
User-side heat exchanger						
Quantity		n°			1	
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	91.3	94.8	102.5	111.9
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	19	24	2	6
Water flow rate HP	(2)	m³/h	99.7	105.1	113.1	120.8
Pressure drop HP	(2)	kPa	21	26	2	7
Noise levels						
Sound power lev. SLN vers.	(4)	dB(A)	ç	90	9	1
Sound pressure lev. SLN vers.	(6)	dB(A)		5	58	
Dimensions and weights**						
Length		mm	72	282	84	30
Depth		mm		22	260	
Height		mm		24	76	
Operating weight		kg	5100	5160	5730	5964

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

(1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

(2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511

Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ. (3)

(4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind - external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

(5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat

exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744. (6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2.

Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.

(7) Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for calculating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section.

(8) Former Eurovent's seasonal efficiency index. Value not certified by Eurovent from 2019. Reference: base unit, without any accessories

Basic unit without included accessories

# ECODESIGN

## INTRODUCTION

The Ecodesign/ErP Directive (2009/125/EC) lays down new standards for more efficient energy use.

The Directive contains various regulations; as regards chiller products and heat pumps, the regulations of interest are the following:

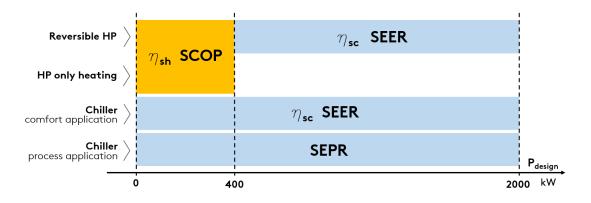
- Regulation 2013/813, for small heat pumps (Pdesign  $\leq$  400 kW)
- Regulation 2016/2281, for chillers and heat pumps with Pdesign > 400 kW
- Regulation 2013/811, for heat pumps with Pdesign  $\leq$  70 kW.

The last-mentioned regulation (2013/811) regards the labelling (Ecolabel certification) of small heat pumps. The other two regulations (2013/813 and 2016/2281) set seasonal efficiency targets that the products must comply with to be sold and installed in the European Union (essential requirement for CE marking). These efficiency limits are defined through ratios, which are respectively:

- nsh (SCOP), with reference to regulation 2013/813
- ηsc (SEER) for comfort applications and SEPR for process applications, with reference to regulation 2016/2281.

As regards regulation 2016/2281, with effect from 1st January 2021, the required minimum efficiency limit will be raised (Tier 2) from the current threshold (Tier 1).

The figure below schematically illustrates the correspondence between product and reference energy ratio.



Some notes and clarifications:

For comfort applications, regulation 2016/2281 sets the nsc (SEER) ratio in two different operating conditions:

• SEER calculated with machine inlet/outlet water temperature of 12/7°C (low temperature application),

• SEER calculated with machine inlet/outlet water temperature of 23/18°C (medium temperature application).

The minimum efficiency requirement is the same, but can be met at condition 12/7°C or at condition 23/18°C, depending on the application envisaged for the machine.

Regulation 2013/813 distinguishes two different types: at low temperature and at medium temperature.

The following refer to the application at low temperature: (low temperature application) all heat pumps whose maximum delivery temperature for heating purposes is lower than 52°C with source at temperature of -7°C and -8°C wet bulb (air-water unit) or inlet 10°C (water-water unit), at the reference design conditions for an average climate.For these, the efficiency ratio is "low temperature application" (outlet water temperature 35°C).

For all the other heat pumps, the efficiency ratio is related to "medium temperature application" (outlet water temperature 55°C).

The ratios must be calculated according to the reference European heating season in average climatic conditions.

The minimum efficiency requirements set by the regulations are indicated below.

REGULATION 2016/2281, comfort application

	TYPE OF UNIT		MINIMUM REQUIREMENT					
	TTPE OF UNIT	Tie	r 1	Tier 2	(2021)			
SOURCE	Pdesign	η <b>sc</b> [%]	SEER	ղ <b>sc</b> [%]	SEER			
air	< 400kW	149	3,8	161	4,1			
air	≥ 400kW	161	4,1	179	<b>4,</b> 55			
water	< 400kW	196	4,975	200	5,075			
water	≥ 400kW and < 1500kW	227	5,75	252	6,375			
water	≥ 1500kW	245	6,2	272	6,875			

### REGULATION 2016/2281, process application

	TYPE OF UNIT	MINIMUM REQUIREMENT			
		Tier 1	Tier 2 (2021)		
SOURCE	Pdesign	SEPR	SEPR		
air	< 400kW	4,5	5		
air	≥ 400kW	5	5,5		
water	< 400kW	6,5	7		
water	≥ 400kW and < 1500kW	7,5	8		
water	≥ 1500kW	8	8,5		

### REGULATION 2013/813

SOURCE	APPLICATION	MINIMUM REQUIREMENT			
SOURCE	APPLICATION	η <b>sh [%]</b>	SCOP		
air	low temperature application	125	3,2		
water	low temperature application	125	3,325		
air	medium temperature application	110	2,825		
water	medium temperature application	110	2,95		

The conformity of the product must be checked according to the type of application, whether comfort or process, and at the required outlet water temperature.

The two schematic tables below, respectively for comfort application and for process application, indicate the reference of the required conformity according to the type of product and the set point temperature (reference to regulations 2016/2281 and 2013/813).

Important note: for mixed comfort and process applications, the reference application for conformity is the comfort application.

#### COMFORT APPLICATION

PRODUCT	OUTLET WATER TEM- PERATURE	COMPLIANCE INDEX	REGULATION
Chiller	< 18°C	SEER/ηsc low temperature application	2016/2281
	≥ 18°C	SEER/ŋsc medium temperature application	2016/2281
Heat pumps (reversible and only heating) Pdesign≤400kW		SCOP/ŋsh	2013/813
Reversible heat pumps Pdesign>400kW	< 18°C	SEER/ηsc low temperature application	2016/2281
	≥ 18°C	SEER/ŋsc medium temperature application	2016/2281
Heat pumps only heating Pdesign>400kW		-	-

- = exemption from Ecodesign

#### PROCESS APPLICATION

PRODUCT	OUTLET WATER TEM- PERATURE	COMPLIANCE INDEX	REGULATION
Chiller	≥ +2°C , ≤ 12°C	SEPR	2016/2281
	> 12°C	-	-
	> -8°C , < +2°C	-	-

- = exemption from Ecodesign

Some specifications and notes follow.

#### EC fans:

The only option that positively affects the performance of the unit, by increasing its seasonal energy efficiency ratio, is the VEC accessory.

A unit equipped with EC fans has a higher SEER ( $\eta$ sc) than the configuration with standard fans.

### **TETRIS SKY R7 SERIES**

With specific reference to the Tetris SKY R7 range, below is a list of relevant regulations relating to the different units in their various configurations.

- chiller version: regulation 2016/2281
- HP version: regulation 2013/813 (For Units with Pdesign≤ 400 kW)-regulation 2016/2281 (For Units with Pdesign> 400 kW).

The tables below give information on the conformity of the units and the seasonal energy performance ratios with regard to the reference regulation.

Basic unit without included accessories

		21.2	24.2	27.3	31.3	37.3
REGULATION 2016-2281	·					
Pdesign	(1) kW	199.6	237.2	273.9	311.8	361
COMFORT						
Standard Unit						
ηsc	(1) %	185.8	165.8	190.2	178.2	184.6
SEER	(1)	4.72	4.22	4.83	4.53	4.69
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Unit with EC fans (VEC)						
ηsc	(1) %	197.4	173.4	202.6	192.6	195.8
SEER	(1)	5.01	4.41	5.14	4.89	4.97
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
PROCESS						
SEPR	(2)	-	-	-	-	-
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(2)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C (low temperature application), with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and standard EN 14825.

(2) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C, with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and norm EN 14825.

		26.4	28.4	30.4	34.4	38.4
REGULATION 2016-2281						
Pdesign	(1) kW	245.2	272.7	293	331	372.5
COMFORT						
Standard Unit						
ηsc	(1) %	173.8	170.6	169.4	183.4	181
SEER	(1)	4.42	4.34	4.31	4.66	4.6
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Unit with EC fans (VEC)						
ηsc	(1) %	183.4	188.2	188.2	194.2	195.4
SEER	(1)	4.66	4.78	4.78	4.93	4.96
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
PROCESS						
SEPR	(2)	-	-	-	-	-
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(2)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

 User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C (low temperature application), with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and standard EN 14825.

		40.4	44.4	47.5	50.6	54.6
REGULATION 2016-2281						
Pdesign	(1) kW	392.7	432.4	464.5	498.2	534.9
COMFORT						
Standard Unit						
ηsc	(1) %	185.4	187.4	188.6	188.6	188.2
SEER	(1)	4.71	4.76	4.79	4.79	4.78
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Unit with EC fans (VEC)						
ηsc	(1) %	199.8	202.2	204.6	205.4	204.2
SEER	(1)	5.07	5.13	5.19	5.21	5.18
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
PROCESS						
SEPR	(2)	-	-	-	-	-
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(2)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C (low temperature application), with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and standard EN 14825.

(2) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C, with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and norm EN 14825.

		60.6	64.6	70.6	72.6
REGULATION 2016-2281	l l				
Pdesign	(1) kW	588	636.8	675.1	712.7
COMFORT					
Standard Unit					
ηsc	(1) %	193	191	189.8	189
SEER	(1)	4.9	4.85	4.82	4.8
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y
Unit with EC fans (VEC)					
ηsc	(1) %	210.6	208.2	206.6	204.6
SEER	(1)	5.34	5.28	5.24	5.19
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y
PROCESS					
SEPR	(2)	-	-	-	-
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(2)	Y	Y	Y	Y

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C (low temperature application), with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and standard EN 14825.

		21.2	24.2	27.3	31.3	37.3
REGULATION 2016-2281						
Pdesign	(1) kW	188.5	221.3	258.5	291.4	339.6
COMFORT						
Standard Unit						
ηsc	(1) %	179.4	162.6	184.6	168.2	177
SEER	(1)	4.56	4.14	4.69	4.28	4.5
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Unit with EC fans (VEC)						
ηsc	(1) %	192.2	171.8	198.2	184.2	189.4
SEER	(1)	4.88	4.37	5.03	4.68	4.81
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
PROCESS						·
SEPR	(2)	-	-	-	-	-
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(2)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C (low temperature application), with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and standard EN 14825.

(2) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C, with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and norm EN 14825.

		26.4	28.4	30.4	34.4	38.4
REGULATION 2016-2281						,
Pdesign	(1) kW	234.5	258.5	275.9	311.8	352.1
COMFORT						
Standard Unit						
ηsc	(1) %	167	164.6	164.6	179.4	179
SEER	(1)	4.25	4.19	4.19	4.56	4.55
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Unit with EC fans (VEC)						
ηsc	(1) %	177.8	174.2	174.2	192.2	193
SEER	(1)	4.52	4.43	4.43	4.88	4.9
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
PROCESS						
SEPR	(2)	-	-	-	-	-
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(2)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

 User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C (low temperature application), with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and standard EN 14825.

		40.4	44.4	47.5	50.6	54.6
REGULATION 2016-2281						
Pdesign	(1) kW	374.1	409.2	441.6	475	508
COMFORT					-	
Standard Unit						
ηsc	(1) %	176.6	179.4	180.6	184.6	183
SEER	(1)	4.49	4.56	4.59	4.69	4.65
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Unit with EC fans (VEC)						
ηsc	(1) %	188.6	191.4	193.8	198.6	196.6
SEER	(1)	4.79	4.86	4.92	5.04	4.99
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
PROCESS						
SEPR	(2)	-	-	-	-	-
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(2)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C (low temperature application), with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and standard EN 14825.

(2) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C, with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and norm EN 14825.

		60.6	64.6	70.6	72.6
REGULATION 2016-2281					
Pdesign	(1) kW	560.1	607.2	641.5	673.8
COMFORT					
Standard Unit					
ηsc	(1) %	188.6	186.6	184.6	181
SEER	(1)	4.79	4.74	4.69	4.6
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y
Unit with EC fans (VEC)				-	
ηsc	(1) %	203.4	201.4	199	193.8
SEER	(1)	5.16	5.11	5.05	4.92
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Y
PROCESS			·		
SEPR	(2)	-	-	-	-
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(2)	Y	Y	Y	Y

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C (low temperature application), with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and standard EN 14825.

			26.4	28.4	34.4	38.4
REGULATION 2013/813			-			
Pdesign	(1)	kW	155.8	170.5	202.2	226.7
COMFORT						
Standard Unit						
ηsh	(1)	%	156.2	155.4	15	5.8
SCOP	(1)		3.98	3.96	3.	97
Unit with EC fans (VEC)						
ηsh	(1)	%	167.4	166.6	167	166.6
SCOP	(1)		4.26	4.24	4.25	4.24

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 30/35°C, Average climate profile, with reference to regulation 2013/813 and norm EN 14825.

(2) Energy efficiency class with reference to regulation 2013/811 (low temperature applications).

			40.4	44.4	47.5	50.5
REGULATION 2013/813			-			
Pdesign	(1)	kW	240.1	265.2	284.6	304.8
COMFORT						
Standard Unit						
ηsh	(1)	%	155	157	153	156.6
SCOP	(1)		3.95	4	3.9	3.99
Unit with EC fans (VEC)						
ηsh	(1)	%	166.2	168.2	164.2	167.8
SCOP	(1)		4.23	4.28	4.18	4.27

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 30/35°C, Average climate profile, with reference to regulation 2013/813 and norm EN 14825.

(2) Energy efficiency class with reference to regulation 2013/811 (low temperature applications).

			54.5	60.6	64.6
REGULATION 2013/813			-		
Pdesign	(1)	kW	328.4	361.3	385.6
COMFORT					
Standard Unit					
ηsh	(1)	%	155.4	153.4	156.2
SCOP	(1)		3.96	3.91	3.98
Unit with EC fans (VEC)				·	
ηsh	(1)	%	166.6	164.2	167.4
SCOP	(1)		4.24	4.18	4.26

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 30/35°C, Average climate profile, with reference to regulation 2013/813 and norm EN 14825.

(2) Energy efficiency class with reference to regulation 2013/811 (low temperature applications).

		70.6
REGULATION 2016-2281		
Pdesign	(1) kW	667
COMFORT		
Standard Unit		
ηsc	(1) %	197.8
SEER	(1)	5.02
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y
Unit with EC fans (VEC)		
ηsc	(1) %	211.8
SEER	(1)	5.37
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y
PROCESS		
SEPR	(2)	-
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(2)	Y

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C (low temperature application), with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and standard EN 14825.

			26.4	28.4	34.4	38.4
REGULATION 2013/813			-			
Pdesign	(1)	kW	155.8	170.5	202.2	226.7
COMFORT						
Standard Unit						
ηsh	(1)	%	156.2	155.4	15	5.8
SCOP	(1)		3.98	3.96	3.	97
Unit with EC fans (VEC)						
ηsh	(1)	%	167.4	166.6	167	166.6
SCOP	(1)		4.26	4.24	4.25	4.24

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 30/35°C, Average climate profile, with reference to regulation 2013/813 and norm EN 14825.

(2) Energy efficiency class with reference to regulation 2013/811 (low temperature applications).

			40.4	44.4	47.5	50.5
REGULATION 2013/813			-			
Pdesign	(1)	kW	240.1	265.2	284.6	304.8
COMFORT						
Standard Unit						
ηsh	(1)	%	155	157	153	156.6
SCOP	(1)		3.95	4	3.9	3.99
Unit with EC fans (VEC)						
ηsh	(1)	%	166.2	168.2	164.2	167.8
SCOP	(1)		4.23	4.28	4.18	4.27

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 30/35°C, Average climate profile, with reference to regulation 2013/813 and norm EN 14825.

(2) Energy efficiency class with reference to regulation 2013/811 (low temperature applications).

			54.5	60.6	64.6
REGULATION 2013/813			-		
Pdesign	(1)	kW	328.4	361.3	385.6
COMFORT					
Standard Unit					
ηsh	(1)	%	155.4	153.4	156.2
SCOP	(1)		3.96	3.91	3.98
Unit with EC fans (VEC)					
ηsh	(1)	%	166.6	164.2	167.4
SCOP	(1)		4.24	4.18	4.26

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 30/35°C, Average climate profile, with reference to regulation 2013/813 and norm EN 14825.

(2) Energy efficiency class with reference to regulation 2013/811 (low temperature applications).

		70.6
REGULATION 2016-2281		
Pdesign	(1) kW	650.4
COMFORT		
Standard Unit		
ηsc	(1) %	193
SEER	(1)	4.9
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y
Unit with EC fans (VEC)		
ηsc	(1) %	207
SEER	(1)	5.25
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(1)	Y
PROCESS		
SEPR	(2)	-
Compliance Tier 2 (2021)	(2)	Y

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(1) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C (low temperature application), with reference to regulation 2016/2281 and standard EN 14825.

# **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

# TETRIS SKY R7 [R32]

			21.2	24.2	27.3	31.3	37.3
General electrical specifications							
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	82.4	100.4	113.8	131.8	151.3
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	139	170	192	223	257
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	106	128	146	168	193
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.83	0.83	0.82	0.81	0.83
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	91	109	125	145	165
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.97	0.96	0.97	0.97	0.95
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	402	433	455	486	520
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	265	296	317	348	383
Power supply		V/ph/Hz			400/3~/50		
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²			230-24/1~/50		
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	3x95 + 1G50	3x120 + 1G70	3x120 + 1G70	3x150 + 1G95	3x150 + 1G95
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH1 200A	NH1 250A	NH1 250A	NH2 315A	NH2 315A
Electrical specifications for fans							
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	3 x 1,5	3 x 1,5	4 x 1,5	4 x 1,5	5 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	3 x 3,4	3 x 3,4	4 x 3,4	4 x 3,4	5 x 3,4
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	3 x 1,3	3 x 1,3	4 x 1,3	4 x 1,3	5 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	3 x 1,9	3 x 1,9	4 x 1,9	4 x 1,9	5 x 1,9
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	3 x 2,9	3 x 2,9	4 x 2,9	4 x 2,9	5 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	3 x 4,4	3 x 4,4	4 x 4,4	4 x 4,4	5 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

(6) The correct line protection part must be determined by a qualified technician based on the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			26.4	28.4	30.4	34.4	40.4
General electrical specifications							
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	105.8	115.8	125.8	140.3	164.7
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	178	194	210	236	278
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	135	148	160	179	211
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.83	0.83	0.82	0.82	0.82
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	116	128	136	154	182
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.96	0.95	0.97	0.96	0.95
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	328	376	392	499	541
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	251	283	299	362	404
Power supply		V/ph/Hz			400/3~/50		
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²			230-24/1~/50		
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	3x120+1G72	3x120+1G72	3x120+1G72	3x150+1G97	3x(2x95)+1G95
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH1gG 250A	NH1gG 250A	NH1gG 250A	NH2gG 315A	NH2gG 400A
Electrical specifications for fans							
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	4 x 1,5	4 x 1,5	4 x 1,5	5 x 1,5	6 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	4 x 3,9	4 x 3,9	4 x 3,9	5 x 3,9	6 x 3,9
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	4 x 1,3	4 x 1,3	4 x 1,3	5 x 1,3	6 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	4 x 2,2	4 x 2,2	4 x 2,2	5 x 2,2	6 x 2,2
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	4 x 2,9	4 x 2,9	4 x 2,9	5 x 2,9	6 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	4 x 4,4	4 x 4,4	4 x 4,4	5 x 4,4	6 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			40.4	44.4	47.5	50.6	54.6
General electrical specifications							
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	164.7	182.7	196.2	209.6	227.6
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	278	309	331	352	383
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	211	233	251	269	291
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	182	203	219	231	253
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.95	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.95
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	541	572	594	615	646
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	404	435	457	478	509
Power supply		V/ph/Hz			400/3~/50		
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²			230-24/1~/50		
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	3x(2x95)+1G95	3x(2x95)+1G95	3x(2x95)+1G95	3x(2x120)+1G120	3x(2x120)+1G120
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH2gG 400A	NH2gG 400A	NH2gG 400A	NH3gG 500A	NH3gG 500A
Electrical specifications for fans							
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	6 x 1,5	6 x 1,5	7 x 1,5	8 x 1,5	8 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	6 x 3,9	6 x 3,9	7 x 3,9	8 x 3,9	8 x 3,9
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	6 x 1,3	6 x 1,3	7 x 1,3	8 x 1,3	8 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	6 x 2,2	6 x 2,2	7 x 2,2	8 x 2,2	8 x 2,2
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	6 x 2,9	6 x 2,9	7 x 2,9	8 x 2,9	8 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	6 x 4,4	6 x 4,4	7 x 4,4	8 x 4,4	8 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

(6) The correct line protection part must be determined by a qualified technician based on the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			60.6	64.6	70.6	72.6
General electrical specifications						
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	247.1	266.5	284.5	302.5
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	418	452	483	514
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	317	342	364	386
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	A	273	297	312	331
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.85	0.95	0.96	0.96
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	681	715	746	777
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	A	543	578	609	640
Power supply		V/ph/Hz		400/3	8~/50	
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²		230-24	/1~/50	
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	3x(2x120)+1G120	3x(2x150)+1G150	3x(2x150)+1G150	3x(2x150)+1G150
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH3gG 500A	NH3gG 630A	NH3gG 630A	NH3gG 630A
Electrical specifications for fans						
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	9 x 1,5	10 x 1,5	10 x 1,5	10 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	9 x 3,9	10 x 3,9	10 x 3,9	10 x 3,9
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	9 x 1,3	10 x 1,3	10 x 1,3	10 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	9 x 2,2	10 x 2,2	10 x 2,2	10 x 2,2
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	9 x 2,9	10 x 2,9	10 x 2,9	10 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	9 x 4,4	10 x 4,4	10 x 4,4	10 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			21.2	24.2	27.3	31.3	37.3
General electrical specifications							
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	82.4	100.4	113.8	131.8	151.3
Max. absorbed current	(1)	А	139	170	192	223	257
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	106	128	146	168	193
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.83	0.83	0.82	0.81	0.83
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	91	109	125	145	165
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.97	0.96	0.97	0.97	0.95
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	402	433	455	486	520
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	265	296	317	348	383
Power supply		V/ph/Hz			400/3~/50		
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²			230-24/1~/50		
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	3x95 + 1G50	3x120 + 1G70	3x120 + 1G70	3x150 + 1G95	3x150 + 1G95
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH1 200A	NH1 250A	NH1 250A	NH2 315A	NH2 315A
Electrical specifications for fans							
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	3 x 1,5	3 x 1,5	4 x 1,5	4 x 1,5	5 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	3 x 3,4	3 x 3,4	4 x 3,4	4 x 3,4	5 x 3,4
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	3 x 1,3	3 x 1,3	4 x 1,3	4 x 1,3	5 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	3 x 1,9	3 x 1,9	4 x 1,9	4 x 1,9	5 x 1,9
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	3 x 2,9	3 x 2,9	4 x 2,9	4 x 2,9	5 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	3 x 4,4	3 x 4,4	4 x 4,4	4 x 4,4	5 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

(6) The correct line protection part must be determined by a qualified technician based on the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			26.4	28.4	30.4	34.4	38.4
General electrical specifications							
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	105.8	115.8	125.8	140.3	154.7
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	178	194	210	236	262
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	135	148	160	179	198
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.83	0.83	0.82	0.82	0.82
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	116	128	136	154	172
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.96	0.95	0.97	0.96	0.95
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	А	328	376	392	499	525
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	251	283	299	362	388
Power supply		V/ph/Hz			400/3~/50		
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²			230-24/1~/50		
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	3x120+1G72	3x120+1G72	3x120+1G72	3x150+1G97	3x150+1G97
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH1gG 250A	NH1gG 250A	NH1gG 250A	NH2gG 315A	NH2gG 315A
Electrical specifications for fans							
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	4 x 1,5	4 x 1,5	4 x 1,5	5 x 1,5	6 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	4 x 3,9	4 x 3,9	4 x 3,9	5 x 3,9	6 x 3,9
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	4 x 1,3	4 x 1,3	4 x 1,3	5 x 1,3	6 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	4 x 2,2	4 x 2,2	4 x 2,2	5 x 2,2	6 x 2,2
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	4 x 2,9	4 x 2,9	4 x 2,9	5 x 2,9	6 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	4 x 4,4	4 x 4,4	4 x 4,4	5 x 4,4	6 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			40.4	44.4	47.5	50.6	54.6
General electrical specifications							
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	164.7	182.7	196.2	209.6	227.6
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	278	309	331	352	383
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	211	233	251	269	291
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	182	203	219	231	253
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.95	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.95
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	541	572	594	615	646
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	404	435	457	478	509
Power supply		V/ph/Hz			400/3~/50		
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²			230-24/1~/50		
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	3x(2x95)+1G95	3x(2x95)+1G95	3x(2x95)+1G95	3x(2x120)+1G120	3x(2x120)+1G120
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH2gG 400A	NH2gG 400A	NH2gG 400A	NH3gG 500A	NH3gG 500A
Electrical specifications for fans							
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	6 x 1,5	6 x 1,5	7 x 1,5	8 x 1,5	8 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	6 x 3,9	6 x 3,9	7 x 3,9	8 x 3,9	8 x 3,9
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	6 x 1,3	6 x 1,3	7 x 1,3	8 x 1,3	8 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	6 x 2,2	6 x 2,2	7 x 2,2	8 x 2,2	8 x 2,2
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	6 x 2,9	6 x 2,9	7 x 2,9	8 x 2,9	8 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	6 x 4,4	6 x 4,4	7 x 4,4	8 x 4,4	8 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

(6) The correct line protection part must be determined by a qualified technician based on the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			60.6	64.6	70.6	72.6
General electrical specifications						
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	247.1	266.5	284.5	302.5
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	418	452	483	514
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	317	342	364	386
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	A	273	297	312	331
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.85	0.95	0.96	0.96
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	681	715	746	777
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	543	578	609	640
Power supply		V/ph/Hz		400/3	3~/50	
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²		230-24	/1~/50	
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	3x(2x120)+1G120	3x(2x150)+1G150	3x(2x150)+1G150	3x(2x150)+1G150
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH3gG 500A	NH3gG 630A	NH3gG 630A	NH3gG 630A
Electrical specifications for fans						
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	9 x 1,5	10 x 1,5	10 x 1,5	10 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	9 x 3,9	10 x 3,9	10 x 3,9	10 x 3,9
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	9 x 1,3	10 x 1,3	10 x 1,3	10 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	9 x 2,2	10 x 2,2	10 x 2,2	10 x 2,2
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	9 x 2,9	10 x 2,9	10 x 2,9	10 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	9 x 4,4	10 x 4,4	10 x 4,4	10 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			26.4	28.4	34.4	38.4		
General electrical specifications								
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	112.7	124.7	144.7	167.6		
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	185	204	231	265		
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	144	158	176	201		
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.79	0.79	0.81	0.82		
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	120	131	150	175		
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95		
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	427	445	566	600		
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	312	330	403	437		
Power supply		V/ph/Hz	400/3~/50					
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²		230-24	/1~/50			
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	3x150 + 1G95 mm <sup>2</sup> FG160R16	3x150 + 1G95 mm <sup>2</sup> FG160R16	150 mm <sup>2</sup> FG16OR16	3x150 + 1G95 mm <sup>2</sup> FG160R16		
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH2 315A	NH2 315A	NH2 315A	NH2 315A		
Electrical specifications for fans								
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	6 x 1,5	6 x 1,5	6 x 1,5	8 x 1,5		
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	6 x 3,4	6 x 3,4	6 x 3,4	8 x 3,4		
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	6 x 1,3	6 x 1,3	6 x 1,3	8 x 1,3		
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	6 x 1,9	6 x 1,9	6 x 1,9	8 x 1,9		
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	6 x 2,9	6 x 2,9	6 x 2,9	8 x 2,9		
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	6 x 4,4	6 x 4,4	6 x 4,4	8 x 4,4		

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

(6) The correct line protection part must be determined by a qualified technician based on the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			40.4	44.4	47.5	50.5
General electrical specifications						
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	187.6	207.6	218.1	239.5
Max. absorbed current	(1)	А	292	319	341	372
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	220	239	258	280
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.84	0.85	0.83	0.84
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	195	214	226	248
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	А	627	654	676	707
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	464	491	513	544
Power supply		V/ph/Hz		400/3	8~/50	
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²		230-24	/1~/50	
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	2x(3x70) + 1G70 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x70) + 1G70 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x70) + 1G70 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x120) + 1G120 mm <sup>2</sup>
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH2 400A	NH2 400A	NH2 400A	NH3 500A
Electrical specifications for fans						
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	8 x 1,5	8 x 1,5	9 x 1,5	10 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	8 x 3,4	8 x 3,4	9 x 3,4	10 x 3,4
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	8 x 1,3	8 x 1,3	9 x 1,3	10 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	8 x 1,9	8 x 1,9	9 x 1,9	10 x 1,9
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	8 x 2,9	8 x 2,9	9 x 2,9	10 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	8 x 4,4	8 x 4,4	9 x 4,4	10 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			54.5	60.6	64.6	70.6
General electrical specifications						
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	261	271.4	292.9	314.3
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	402	424	455	486
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	302	321	343	364
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.85	0.83	0.84	0.84
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	299	282	331	381
cos     unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.95	0.95	0.95	0.96
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	737	759	790	821
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	574	596	627	657
Power supply		V/ph/Hz		400/3	8~/50	
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²		230-24	/1~/50	
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	2x(3x120) + 1G120 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x120) + 1G120 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x150) +1G150 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x150) +1G150 mm <sup>2</sup>
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH3 500A	NH3 500A	NH3 630A	NH3 630A
Electrical specifications for fans						
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	11 x 1,5	12 x 1,5	13 x 1,5	14 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	11 x 3,4	12 x 3,4	13 x 3,4	14 x 3,4
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	11 x 1,3	12 x 1,3	13 x 1,3	14 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	11 x 1,9	12 x 1,9	13 x 1,9	14 x 1,9
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	11 x 2,9	12 x 2,9	13 x 2,9	14 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	11 x 4,4	12 x 4,4	13 x 4,4	14 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions
 (2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)
 (3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)
 (4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of t

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line

section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			26.4	28.4	34.4	38.4
General electrical specifications						
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	112.7	124.7	144.7	167.6
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	185	204	231	265
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	144	158	176	201
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.79	0.79	0.81	0.82
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	120	131	150	175
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	427	445	566	600
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	312	330	403	437
Power supply		V/ph/Hz		400/3	~/50	
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²		230-24/	′1~/50	
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	3x150 + 1G95 mm <sup>2</sup>	3x150 + 1G95 mm <sup>2</sup>	150 mm²	3x150 + 1G95 mm <sup>2</sup>
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH2 315A	NH2 315A	NH2 315A	NH2 315A
Electrical specifications for fans						
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	6 x 1,5	6 x 1,5	6 x 1,5	8 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	6 x 3,4	6 x 3,4	6 x 3,4	8 x 3,4
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	6 x 1,3	6 x 1,3	6 x 1,3	8 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	6 x 1,9	6 x 1,9	6 x 1,9	8 x 1,9
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	6 x 2,9	6 x 2,9	6 x 2,9	8 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	6 x 4,4	6 x 4,4	6 x 4,4	8 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions ( $A35^{\circ}C$ ;  $W12-7^{\circ}C$ ) (3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

(4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

The correct line protection part must be determined by a gualified technician based on the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of (6)installation.

			40.4	44.4	47.5	50.5		
General electrical specifications								
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	187.6	207.6	218.1	239.5		
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	292	319	341	372		
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	220	239	258	280		
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.84	0.85	0.83	0.84		
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	195	214	226	248		
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95		
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	627	654	676	707		
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	464	491	513	544		
Power supply		V/ph/Hz	400/3	3~/50	400/3~/51	400/3~/52		
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²		230-24	/1~/50	/1~/50		
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	2x(3x70) + 1G70 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x70) + 1G70 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x70) + 1G70 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x120) + 1G120 mm <sup>2</sup>		
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH2 400A	NH2 400A	NH2 400A	NH3 500A		
Electrical specifications for fans								
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	8 x 1,5	8 x 1,5	9 x 1,5	10 x 1,5		
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	8 x 3,4	8 x 3,4	9 x 3,4	10 x 3,4		
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	8 x 1,3	8 x 1,3	9 x 1,3	10 x 1,3		
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	8 x 1,9	8 x 1,9	9 x 1,9	10 x 1,9		
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	8 x 2,9	8 x 2,9	9 x 2,9	10 x 2,9		
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	8 x 4,4	8 x 4,4	9 x 4,4	10 x 4,4		

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions

(2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)

(3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)

Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of (4) the largest compressor)

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

			54.5	60.6	64.6	70.6
General electrical specifications						
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	261	271.4	292.9	314.3
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	402	424	455	486
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	A	302	321	343	364
cosφ standard unit	(2)		0.85	0.83	0.84	0.84
Nominal current with power factor correction (Inom)	(2)	А	299	282	331	381
cosφ unit with power factor correction	(2)		0.95	0.95	0.95	0.96
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	737	759	790	821
Maximum inrush current with soft-starter (MIC)	(4)	А	574	596	627	657
Power supply		V/ph/Hz	400/3~/53	400/3~/54	400/3~/55	400/3~/56
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²	230-24/1~/50			
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	2x(3x120) + 1G120 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x120) + 1G120 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x150) +1G150 mm <sup>2</sup>	2x(3x150) +1G150 mm <sup>2</sup>
Suggested line protection	(6)		NH3 500A	NH3 500A	NH3 630A	NH3 630A
Electrical specifications for fans						
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	11 x 1,5	12 x 1,5	13 x 1,5	14 x 1,5
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	11 x 3,4	12 x 3,4	13 x 3,4	14 x 3,4
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	11 x 1,3	12 x 1,3	13 x 1,3	14 x 1,3
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	11 x 1,9	12 x 1,9	13 x 1,9	14 x 1,9
Rated power of oversize EC fan	(2)	n° x kW	11 x 2,9	12 x 2,9	13 x 2,9	14 x 2,9
Rated current of oversized EC fan	(2)	n° x A	11 x 4,4	12 x 4,4	13 x 4,4	14 x 4,4

(1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions
 (2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)
 (3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)
 (4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit - FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of t

(5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line

section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

# HYDRAULIC MODULES

# TETRIS SKY R7 [R32]

			21.2	24.2	27.3	31.3	37.3
Volume of the expansion vessel		Ι	18	18	18	18	18
Volume of the buffer tank CH		Ι	300	300	300	300	300
Small pumps							
Pump model 1Pr			P4	P5	P5	P5	P16
Pump model 2Pr			P24	P25	P25	P25	P17
Available head 1Pr	(1)	kPa	101	135	125	109	84
Available head 2Pr	(1)	kPa	103	137	126	109	75
Standard pumps							
Pump model 1P			P5	P6	P6	P6	P7
Pump model 2P			P25	P26	P26	P26	P26
Available head 1P	(1)	kPa	147	200	192	178	124
Available head 2P	(1)	kPa	149	198	186	170	133
Pumps for glycol (40% g.e.)							
Pump model 1PG			P13	P13	P13	P15	P9
Pump model 2PG			P31	P31	P31	P32	P19
Available head 1PG	(1)	kPa	217	203	193	246	201
Available head 2PG	(1)	kPa	243	226	214	220	211

(1) External air temperature 35°C, user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C. Values in accordance with EN 14511.

			26.4	28.4	30,4	34.4	38.4	40.4	44.4
Volume of the expansion vessel		I	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Volume of the buffer tank CH		I	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
Small pumps									
Pump model 1Pr			P5	P5	P5	P16	P16	P16	P7
Pump model 2Pr			P25	P25	P25	P17	P17	P17	P27
Available head 1Pr	(1)	kPa	125	119	106	98	81	75	126
Available head 2Pr	(1)	kPa	135	125	119	96	80	76	112
Standard pumps									
Pump model 1P			P6	P6	P6	P7	P7	P7	P8
Pump model 2P			P26	P26	P26	P26	P26	P26	P28
Available head 1P	(1)	kPa	191	187	174	139	121	114	185
Available head 2P	(1)	kPa	193	185	179	161	134	124	173
Pumps for glycol (40% g.e.)									
Pump model 1PG			P13	P13	P15	P9	P9	P9	P9
Pump model 2PG			P31	P31	P32	P19	P19	P19	P19
Available head 1PG	(1)	kPa	188	184	252	209	197	187	213
Available head 2PG	(1)	kPa	224	214	248	231	220	215	220

(1) External air temperature 35°C, user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C. Values in accordance with EN 14511.

			47.5	50.6	54.6	60.6	64.6	70.6	72.6
Volume of the expansion vessel		Ι	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Volume of the buffer tank CH		Ι	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
Small pumps									
Pump model 1Pr			P7	P7	P7	P8	P8	P8	P10
Pump model 2Pr			P27	P27	P28	P28	P28	P29	P29
Available head 1Pr	(1)	kPa	113	99	87	135	120	102	142
Available head 2Pr	(1)	kPa	101	89	141	117	96	144	134
Standard pumps				·				·	
Pump model 1P			P8	P8	P8	P9	P9	P9	P11
Pump model 2P			P28	P28	P29	P29	P29	P30	P30
Available head 1P	(1)	kPa	173	160	151	200	185	167	212
Available head 2P	(1)	kPa	164	154	171	161	154	219	210
Pumps for glycol (40% g.e.)									
Pump model 1PG			P9	P11	P11	P11	P11	P12	P12
Pump model 2PG			P19	P30	P30	P30	P33	P33	P33
Available head 1PG	(1)	kPa	187	201	205	197	190	227	206
Available head 2PG	(1)	kPa	201	212	212	197	238	221	201

### TETRIS SKY SLN R7 [R32]

			21.2	24.2	27.3	31.3	37.3
Volume of the expansion vessel		Ι	18	18	18	18	18
Volume of the buffer tank CH		Ι	300	300	300	300	300
Small pumps							
Pump model 1Pr			P4	P5	P5	P5	P16
Pump model 2Pr			P24	P25	P25	P25	P17
Available head 1Pr	(1)	kPa	108	138	124	116	92
Available head 2Pr	(1)	kPa	110	140	125	117	82
Standard pumps							
Pump model 1P			P5	P6	P6	P6	P7
Pump model 2P			P25	P26	P26	P26	P26
Available head 1P	(1)	kPa	154	202	190	184	133
Available head 2P	(1)	kPa	157	198	184	177	147
Pumps for glycol (40% g.e.)							
Pump model 1PG			P13	P13	P13	P15	P9
Pump model 2PG			P31	P31	P31	P32	P19
Available head 1PG	(1)	kPa	227	204	187	269	199
Available head 2PG	(1)	kPa	254	257	240	271	244

(1) External air temperature 35°C, user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C. Values in accordance with EN 14511.

			26.4	28.4	30.4	34.4	38.4	40.4	44.4
Volume of the expansion vessel		I	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Volume of the buffer tank CH		I	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
Small pumps									
Pump model 1Pr			P5	P5	P5	P16	P16	P16	P7
Pump model 2Pr			P25	P25	P25	P17	P17	P17	P27
Available head 1Pr	(1)	kPa	131	127	117	106	89	83	134
Available head 2Pr	(1)	kPa	133	128	118	96	80	74	123
Standard pumps									
Pump model 1P			P6	P6	P6	P7	P7	P7	P8
Pump model 2P			P26	P26	P26	P26	P26	P26	P28
Available head 1P	(1)	kPa	196	193	185	146	129	123	192
Available head 2P	(1)	kPa	191	188	178	166	140	127	183
Pumps for glycol (40% g.e.)									
Pump model 1PG			P13	P13	P15	P9	P9	P9	P9
Pump model 2PG			P31	P31	P32	P19	P19	P19	P19
Available head 1PG	(1)	kPa	196	194	268	221	210	199	224
Available head 2PG	(1)	kPa	249	243	273	259	249	241	251

(1) External air temperature 35°C, user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C. Values in accordance with EN 14511.

			47.5	50.6	54.6	60.6	64.6	70.6	72.6
Volume of the expansion vessel		Ι	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Volume of the buffer tank CH		Ι	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
Small pumps									
Pump model 1Pr			P7	P7	P7	P8	P8	P8	P10
Pump model 2Pr			P27	P27	P28	P28	P28	P29	P29
Available head 1Pr	(1)	kPa	123	109	106	145	131	117	152
Available head 2Pr	(1)	kPa	110	94	155	128	110	152	144
Standard pumps									
Pump model 1P			P8	P8	P8	P9	P9	P9	P11
Pump model 2P			P28	P28	P29	P29	P29	P30	P30
Available head 1P	(1)	kPa	182	169	168	211	197	182	222
Available head 2P	(1)	kPa	172	158	179	165	160	227	219
Pumps for glycol (40% g.e.)									
Pump model 1PG			P9	P11	P11	P11	P11	P12	P12
Pump model 2PG			P19	P30	P30	P30	P33	P33	P33
Available head 1PG	(1)	kPa	208	209	212	204	199	239	227
Available head 2PG	(1)	kPa	237	231	233	224	266	257	247

# TETRIS SKY HP R7 [R32]

			26.4	28.4	34.4	38.4	40.4	44.4
Volume of the expansion vessel		Ι	18	18	18	18	18	18
Volume of the buffer tank HP		Ι	300	300	300	500	500	500
Small pumps								
Pump model 1Pr			P5	P5	P16	P16	P16	P7
Pump model 2Pr			P25	P25	P17	P17	P17	P27
Available head 1Pr	(1)	kPa	132	131	113	89	74	128
Available head 2Pr	(1)	kPa	133	132	103	80	66	116
Standard pumps								
Pump model 1P			P6	P6	P7	P7	P7	P8
Pump model 2P			P26	P26	P26	P26	P26	P28
Available head 1P	(1)	kPa	197	198	154	130	114	186
Available head 2P	(1)	kPa	192	192	176	140	112	177
Pumps for glycol (40% g.e.)								
Pump model 1PG			P13	P13	P9	P9	P9	P9
Pump model 2PG			P31	P31	P19	P19	P19	P19
Available head 1PG	(1)	kPa	212	214	247	224	202	223
Available head 2PG	(1)	kPa	235	235	254	233	212	233

(1) External air temperature 35°C, user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C. Values in accordance with EN 14511.

			47.5	50.5	54.5	60.6	64.6	70.6
Volume of the expansion vessel		I	24	24	24	24	24	24
Volume of the buffer tank HP		I	500	500	500	700	700	700
Small pumps								
Pump model 1Pr			P7	P7	P7	P8	P8	P8
Pump model 2Pr			P27	P27	P28	P28	P28	P29
Available head 1Pr	(1)	kPa	118	107	87	146	130	109
Available head 2Pr	(1)	kPa	105	91	135	128	108	149
Standard pumps								
Pump model 1P			P8	P8	P8	P9	P9	P9
Pump model 2P			P28	P28	P29	P29	P29	P30
Available head 1P	(1)	kPa	178	168	151	212	196	174
Available head 2P	(1)	kPa	167	156	168	166	159	224
Pumps for glycol (40% g.e.)								
Pump model 1PG			P9	P11	P11	P11	P11	P12
Pump model 2PG			P19	P30	P30	P30	P33	P33
Available head 1PG	(1)	kPa	204	223	219	216	208	247
Available head 2PG	(1)	kPa	214	222	217	214	255	241

# TETRIS SKY HP SLN R7 [R32]

			26.4	28.4	34.4	38.4	40.4	44.4
Volume of the expansion vessel		Ι	18	18	18	18	18	18
Volume of the buffer tank HP		I	300	300	300	500	500	500
Small pumps								
Pump model 1Pr			P5	P5	P16	P16	P16	P7
Pump model 2Pr			P25	P25	P17	P17	P17	P27
Available head 1Pr	(1)	kPa	135	133	116	100	79	131
Available head 2Pr	(1)	kPa	136	134	107	90	70	119
Standard pumps								
Pump model 1P			P6	P6	P7	P7	P7	P8
Pump model 2P			P26	P26	P26	P26	P26	P28
Available head 1P	(1)	kPa	200	200	157	140	118	189
Available head 2P	(1)	kPa	195	194	181	153	120	180
Pumps for glycol (40% g.e.)								
Pump model 1PG			P13	P13	P9	P9	P9	P9
Pump model 2PG			P31	P31	P19	P19	P19	P19
Available head 1PG	(1)	kPa	215	216	266	227	208	227
Available head 2PG	(1)	kPa	245	247	273	255	233	255

(1) External air temperature 35°C, user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 12/7°C. Values in accordance with EN 14511.

			47.5	50.5	54.5	60.6	64.6	70.6
Volume of the expansion vessel		Ι	24	24	24	24	24	24
Volume of the buffer tank HP		Ι	500	500	500	700	700	700
Small pumps								
Pump model 1Pr			P7	P7	P7	P8	P8	P8
Pump model 2Pr			P27	P27	P28	P28	P28	P29
Available head 1Pr	(1)	kPa	122	111	93	150	135	116
Available head 2Pr	(1)	kPa	109	96	141	134	115	152
Standard pumps								
Pump model 1P			P8	P8	P8	P9	P9	P9
Pump model 2P			P28	P28	P29	P29	P29	P30
Available head 1P	(1)	kPa	181	172	156	216	201	181
Available head 2P	(1)	kPa	171	160	170	168	161	227
Pumps for glycol (40% g.e.)								
Pump model 1PG			P9	P11	P11	P11	P11	P12
Pump model 2PG			P19	P30	P30	P30	P33	P33
Available head 1PG	(1)	kPa	216	225	222	219	211	251
Available head 2PG	(1)	kPa	247	242	235	232	271	263

# **PUMP DATA**

Model	Rated power	Rated current	Min. flow rate	Max. flow rate
	kW	A	m³/h	m³/h
P1	3	6,3	15,1	53,1
P2	4	7,6	13,9	57
P3	2,2	4,5	12	44
P4	3	6,3	17	47
P5	4	7,6	27	63,6
P6	5,5	10,5	27	82,3
P7	5,5	10,5	36	108,5
P8	7,5	14,1	36	138,5
9	11	20,2	36	157,2
P10	11	20,2	68	213,4
P11	15	26,6	68	247,1
212	18,5	33	68	271,4
P13	7,5	14,1	27	101
P14	7,5	14,1	20,5	97
P15	9,2	20,2	23,8	108
P16	4	7,6	24	90
P17	4	7,3	22,8	90
P18	11	20,2	36	134,7
P19	11	20,2	36	153,9
P20	22	40,4	68	303,2
21	2	4,5	11,2	41
22	3	6,3	13	45
P23	4	7,6	14,3	48
P24	3	6,3	16,9	59
P25	4	7,6	26	74,8
P26	5,5	10,5	26	89,8
27	5,5	10,5	36	108,5
28	7,5	14,1	36	128,9
29	11	20,2	35	166,4
P30	15	26,6	35	189
P31	7,5	14,1	26	101
P32	9,2	20,2	24	100
P33	18,5	33	35	219,4

# **EXPANSION VESSEL DATA**

Table below shows the nominal volumes of the expansion vessels, supplied only with "VAES" accessory

	Expansion vessel volume
	L
21.2	18
24.2	18
27.3	18
31.3	18
37.3	18
26.4	18
28.4	18
30.4	18
34.4	18
38.4	18
40.4	18
44.4	18
47.5	24
50.6	24
54.6	24
60.6	24
64.6	24
70.6	24
72.6	24

# **USER-SIDE EXCHANGER FLOW RATE FIELDS**

The units are sized and optimized for the following nominal conditions: external air 35°C, inlet/outlet of the user-side heat exchanger 12/7°C.

- The units can work at design conditions different from nominal conditions, provided that:
- the design condition falls within the operating limits specified below
- the unit is equipped with all the accessories necessary for operation (e.g. brine kit, fan speed adjuster)
- the flow rate at design conditions (that is, of the specific application) must always come within the allowed flow rate ranges specified below. If the design conditions require a water flow rate that does not come within the allowed operating range, you must contact our sales department that will identify the most suitable solution for the specific application.

### TETRIS SKY R7 [R32] / TETRIS SKY R7 SLN [R32]

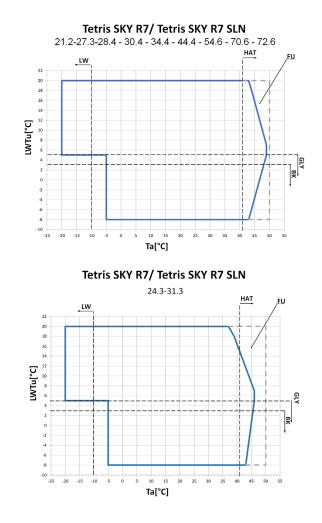
	Qmin	Qmax
	m³/h	m³/h
21.2	17,2	51,5
24.2	20,4	61,2
27.3	23,6	70,7
31.3	26,8	80,5
37.3	31,1	93,2
26.4	21,1	63,3
28.4	21,9	65,6
30.4	21,9	65,6
34.4	24,3	73
38.4	26,3	78,8
40.4	30,4	91,3
44.4	35,8	107,4
47.5	35,8	107,4
50.6	35,8	107,4
54.6	39,1	117,4
60.6	44,3	132,9
64.6	47,1	141,3
70.6	49,9	149,7
72.6	49,9	149,7

#### TETRIS SKY R7 HP [R32] / TETRIS SKY HP R7 SLN [R32]

	Qmin	Qmax
	m³/h	m³/h
26.4	22,3	66,9
28.4	24,5	73,4
34.4	28,1	84,2
38.4	32,6	97,8
40.4	36,2	108,5
44.4	39,5	118,4
47.5	41,8	125,4
50.5	45,8	137,5
54.5	49,8	149,5
60.6	52,6	157,7
64.6	56,5	169,6
70.6	60,4	181,3

# OPERATING LIMITS TETRIS SKY R7 - TETRIS SKY R7 SLN

### COOLING



- Ta: external air temperature
- LWTu: water outlet temperature from the user-side heat exchanger
- LWTr: water outlet temperature from the recovery exchanger
- LW: in the indicated area, the unit can work only where there is no wind
- **/HAT:** the /HAT version is obligatory in the area indicated by the arrow. The /HAT unit adopts an electrical control panel made using specific components to withstand high temperatures, special cables and oversize protection parts that guarantee operation with external air temperature up to 52°C. For higher temperatures up to about 55°C, a set-up with air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary; the unit works in capacity reduction mode. The feasibility of this set-up must be assessed: please contact our sales department.
- **FU:** in the indicated area, the control could actuate a forced capacity reduction of the compressors so as to prevent tripping of the safety devices. For external air temperature above 52°C, a set-up including air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary: please contact our sales department.
- BK: For LWTu lower or equal to +3°C, it is mandatory to fit the "Brine Kit" accessory
- **RAV:** For Ta lower than or equal to 0 ° C it is mandatory to provide the RAV accessory "Electric resistance for condensate drain pan"
- **IDRO:** In the event of extended use within the area indicated, we recommend using finned coil packs treated with the hydrophilic coating.

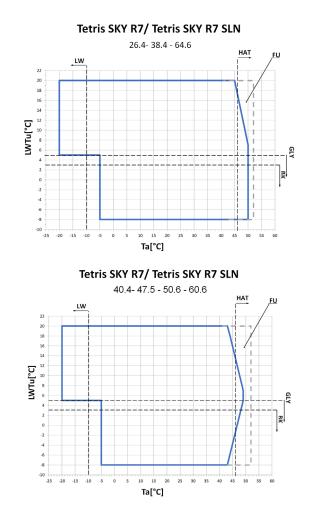
For LWTu below  $+5^{\circ}$ C, it is compulsory to use suitable percentages of antifreeze additives (glycols) to prevent ice formation in the exchanger.

For External Air temperature higher than 50 ° C it is mandatory to contact factory for a dedicated selection of pumps.

The inlet and outlet temperatures of the user-side exchanger must be given on ordering to allow correct setting of the alarm parameters and verification of the sizing of the expansion valve.

The cooling set point can then be changed by the customer in an interval that, compared to the set point given on ordering, ranges from -1K up to the maximum temperature allowed by the above-stated operating limits.

#### COOLING



Ta: external air temperature

- **LWTu:** water outlet temperature from the user-side heat exchanger
- LWTr: water outlet temperature from the recovery exchanger
- LW: in the indicated area, the unit can work only where there is no wind
- /HAT: the /HAT version is obligatory in the area indicated by the arrow. The /HAT unit adopts an electrical control panel made using specific components to withstand high temperatures, special cables and oversize protection parts that guarantee operation with external air temperature up to 52°C. For higher temperatures up to about 55°C, a set-up with air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary; the unit works in capacity reduction mode. The feasibility of this set-up must be assessed: please contact our sales department.
- **FU:** in the indicated area, the control could actuate a forced capacity reduction of the compressors so as to prevent tripping of the safety devices. For external air temperature above 52°C, a set-up including air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary: please contact our sales department.
- **BK:** For LWTu lower or equal to +3°C, it is mandatory to fit the "Brine Kit" accessory
- **RAV:** For Ta lower than or equal to 0 ° C it is mandatory to provide the RAV accessory "Electric resistance for condensate drain pan"
- **IDRO:** In the event of extended use within the area indicated, we recommend using finned coil packs treated with the hydrophilic coating.

For LWTu below  $+5^{\circ}$ C, it is compulsory to use suitable percentages of antifreeze additives (glycols) to prevent ice formation in the exchanger.

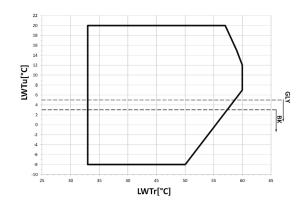
For External Air temperature higher than 50 ° C it is mandatory to contact factory for a dedicated selection of pumps.

The inlet and outlet temperatures of the user-side exchanger must be given on ordering to allow correct setting of the alarm parameters and verification of the sizing of the expansion valve.

The cooling set point can then be changed by the customer in an interval that, compared to the set point given on ordering, ranges from -1K up to the maximum temperature allowed by the above-stated operating limits.

### **TOTAL RECOVERY**

#### Tetris SKY R7/ Tetris SKY R7 SLN



#### Ta: external air temperature

LWTu: water outlet temperature from the user-side heat exchanger

LWTr: water outlet temperature from the recovery exchanger

- LW: in the indicated area, the unit can work only where there is no wind
- **/HAT:** the /HAT version is obligatory in the area indicated by the arrow. The /HAT unit adopts an electrical control panel made using specific components to withstand high temperatures, special cables and oversize protection parts that guarantee operation with external air temperature up to 52°C. For higher temperatures up to about 55°C, a set-up with air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary; the unit works in capacity reduction mode. The feasibility of this set-up must be assessed: please contact our sales department.
- **FU:** in the indicated area, the control could actuate a forced capacity reduction of the compressors so as to prevent tripping of the safety devices. For external air temperature above 52°C, a set-up including air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary: please contact our sales department.
- BK: For LWTu lower or equal to +3°C, it is mandatory to fit the "Brine Kit" accessory
- **RAV:** For Ta lower than or equal to 0 ° C it is mandatory to provide the RAV accessory "Electric resistance for condensate drain pan"
- **IDRO:** In the event of extended use within the area indicated, we recommend using finned coil packs treated with the hydrophilic coating.

For LWTu below  $+5^{\circ}$ C, it is compulsory to use suitable percentages of antifreeze additives (glycols) to prevent ice formation in the exchanger.

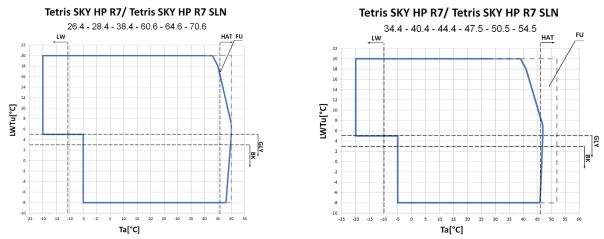
For External Air temperature higher than 50 ° C it is mandatory to contact factory for a dedicated selection of pumps.

The inlet and outlet temperatures of the user-side exchanger must be given on ordering to allow correct setting of the alarm parameters and verification of the sizing of the expansion valve.

The cooling set point can then be changed by the customer in an interval that, compared to the set point given on ordering, ranges from -1K up to the maximum temperature allowed by the above-stated operating limits.

# **TETRIS SKY HP R7 - TETRIS SKY HP R7 SLN**

### COOLING



- Ta: external air temperature
- LWTu: water outlet temperature from the user-side heat exchanger
- LWTr: water outlet temperature from the recovery exchanger
- LW: in the indicated area, the unit can work only where there is no wind
- **/HAT:** the /HAT version is obligatory in the area indicated by the arrow. The /HAT unit adopts an electrical control panel made using specific components to withstand high temperatures, special cables and oversize protection parts that guarantee operation with external air temperature up to 52°C. For higher temperatures up to about 55°C, a set-up with air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary; the unit works in capacity reduction mode. The feasibility of this set-up must be assessed: please contact our sales department.
- **FU:** in the indicated area, the control could actuate a forced capacity reduction of the compressors so as to prevent tripping of the safety devices. For external air temperature above 52°C, a set-up including air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary: please contact our sales department.
- BK: For LWTu lower or equal to +3°C, it is mandatory to fit the "Brine Kit" accessory
- **RAV:** For Ta lower than or equal to 0 ° C it is mandatory to provide the RAV accessory "Electric resistance for condensate drain pan"
- **IDRO:** In the event of extended use within the area indicated, we recommend using finned coil packs treated with the hydrophilic coating.

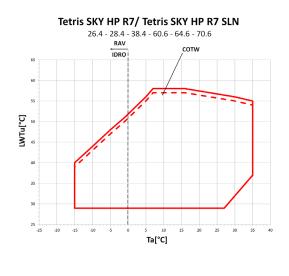
For LWTu below  $+5^{\circ}$ C, it is compulsory to use suitable percentages of antifreeze additives (glycols) to prevent ice formation in the exchanger.

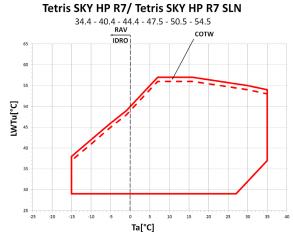
For External Air temperature higher than 50 ° C it is mandatory to contact factory for a dedicated selection of pumps.

The inlet and outlet temperatures of the user-side exchanger must be given on ordering to allow correct setting of the alarm parameters and verification of the sizing of the expansion valve.

The cooling set point can then be changed by the customer in an interval that, compared to the set point given on ordering, ranges from -1K up to the maximum temperature allowed by the above-stated operating limits.

#### HEATING





Ta: external air temperature

- LWTu: water outlet temperature from the user-side heat exchanger
- LWTr: water outlet temperature from the recovery exchanger
- **LW:** in the indicated area, the unit can work only where there is no wind
- /HAT: the /HAT version is obligatory in the area indicated by the arrow. The /HAT unit adopts an electrical control panel made using specific components to withstand high temperatures, special cables and oversize protection parts that guarantee operation with external air temperature up to 52°C. For higher temperatures up to about 55°C, a set-up with air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary; the unit works in capacity reduction mode. The feasibility of this set-up must be assessed: please contact our sales department.
- **FU:** in the indicated area, the control could actuate a forced capacity reduction of the compressors so as to prevent tripping of the safety devices. For external air temperature above 52°C, a set-up including air conditioning of the electrical control panel is necessary: please contact our sales department.
- **BK:** For LWTu lower or equal to +3°C, it is mandatory to fit the "Brine Kit" accessory
- **RAV:** For Ta lower than or equal to 0 ° C it is mandatory to provide the RAV accessory "Electric resistance for condensate drain pan"
- **IDRO:** In the event of extended use within the area indicated, we recommend using finned coil packs treated with the hydrophilic coating.

For LWTu below  $+5^{\circ}$ C, it is compulsory to use suitable percentages of antifreeze additives (glycols) to prevent ice formation in the exchanger.

For External Air temperature higher than 50 ° C it is mandatory to contact factory for a dedicated selection of pumps.

The inlet and outlet temperatures of the user-side exchanger must be given on ordering to allow correct setting of the alarm parameters and verification of the sizing of the expansion valve.

The cooling set point can then be changed by the customer in an interval that, compared to the set point given on ordering, ranges from -1K up to the maximum temperature allowed by the above-stated operating limits.

# **NOISE LEVELS**

#### TETRIS SKY R7 [R32] Octave bands [dB]

Octave b	ands	; [dB	<b>;]</b>														Tota	1
	63	Hz	125	Hz	250	Hz	500	) Hz	100	0 Hz	200	0 Hz	400	0 Hz	800	0 Hz	[dB	(A)]
	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp
21.2	97	65	95	63	90	58	88	56	85	53	83	51	80	48	78	46	91	59
24.2	99	67	97	65	92	60	90	58	87	55	85	53	82	50	80	48	93	61
27.3	98	66	96	64	91	59	89	57	86	54	84	52	81	49	79	47	92	60
31.3	99	67	97	65	92	60	90	58	87	55	85	53	82	50	80	48	93	61
37.3	102	69	99	67	95	62	92	60	89	57	88	55	85	52	83	50	95	63
26.4	96	64	94	62	89	57	87	55	84	52	82	50	79	47	77	45	90	58
28.4	96	64	94	62	89	57	87	55	84	52	82	50	79	47	77	45	90	58
30.4	96	64	94	62	89	57	87	55	84	52	82	50	79	47	77	45	90	58
34.4	98	66	96	64	91	59	89	57	86	54	84	52	81	49	79	47	92	60
38.4	99	67	97	65	92	60	90	58	87	55	85	53	82	50	80	48	93	61
40.4	99	67	97	65	92	60	90	58	87	55	85	53	82	50	80	48	93	61
44.4	99	67	97	65	92	60	90	58	87	55	85	53	82	50	80	48	93	61
47.5	99	67	97	64	92	60	90	57	87	54	85	53	82	50	80	48	93	61
50.6	100	68	98	65	93	61	91	58	88	55	86	54	83	51	81	49	94	62
54.6	101	69	99	66	94	62	92	59	89	56	87	55	84	52	82	50	95	63
60.6	102	70	100	67	95	63	93	60	90	57	88	56	85	53	83	51	96	64
64.6	103	71	101	68	96	64	94	61	91	58	89	57	86	54	84	52	97	65
70.6	103	71	101	68	96	64	94	61	91	58	89	57	86	54	84	52	97	65
72.6	104	71	102	69	97	65	95	62	92	59	90	58	87	55	85	53	98	66

Reference conditions: outside air temperature 35°C; input/output water temperature into/from user-side heat exchanger 12/7°C; unit operating at rated capacity, without any option.

Lw: sound power levels. Values obtained from measures taken according to standard ISO 3744. Lw\_tot is the only binding value.

**Lp:** sound pressure levels. Binding values starting from noise power levels referred to a distance of 10 m from the unit; source installed on a reflective surface and in ideal free field conditions with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values

The acoustic data are related to standard conditions in referable and reproducible operating conditions. All data with the exception of Lw\_tot are provided for illustrative purposes only and can not be used for forecasting purposes or for the verification of binding limits. With special reference to noise emissions, the Manufacturer takes liability for their conformity, limited to the declared Lw\_tot value. Any and all other Manufacturer's liability for the impact of such emissions in relation to the location of the machine and other conditions related to machine installation is excluded. The environment and the installation conditions, as well as the operating modes, can alter the sound emissions. Any assessment concerning these conditions falls within the area of competence of the plant designer and/or the fitter.

#### TETRIS SKY LN R7 [R32] Octave bands [dB]

Octave	e bar	nds [	dB]		-												Total	
	63	Hz	125	Hz	250	Hz	500	Hz	100	0 Hz	200	0 Hz	400	0 Hz	800	0 Hz	[dB	(A)]
	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp
21.2	92	60	89	57	85	53	83	51	81	49	77	45	75	43	73	41	87	55
24.2	94	62	91	59	87	55	85	53	83	51	79	47	77	45	75	43	87	55
27.3	93	61	90	58	86	54	84	52	82	50	78	46	76	44	74	42	88	56
31.3	94	62	91	59	87	55	85	53	83	51	79	47	77	45	75	43	90	58
37.3	97	64	94	61	89	57	87	55	85	53	82	49	79	47	78	45	90	58
26.4	92	60	89	57	85	53	83	51	81	49	77	45	75	43	73	41	86	54
28.4	92	60	89	57	85	53	83	51	81	49	77	45	75	43	73	41	86	54
30.4	92	60	89	57	85	53	83	51	81	49	77	45	75	43	73	41	86	54
34.4	92	60	89	57	85	53	83	51	81	49	77	45	75	43	73	41	86	54
38.4	93	61	90	58	86	54	84	52	82	50	78	46	76	44	74	42	87	55
40.4	93	61	90	58	86	54	84	52	82	50	78	46	76	44	74	42	87	55
44.4	94	62	91	59	87	55	85	53	83	51	79	47	77	45	75	43	88	56
47.5	94	62	91	59	87	54	85	52	83	50	79	47	77	44	75	43	88	56
50.6	96	64	93	61	89	56	87	54	85	52	81	49	79	46	77	45	90	58
54.6	96	64	93	61	89	56	87	54	85	52	81	49	79	46	77	45	90	58
60.6	97	65	94	62	90	57	88	55	86	53	82	50	80	47	78	46	91	59
64.6	98	66	95	63	91	58	89	56	87	54	83	51	81	48	79	47	92	60
70.6	98	66	95	63	91	58	89	56	87	54	83	51	81	48	79	47	92	60
72.6	99	66	96	64	92	59	90	57	88	55	84	52	82	49	80	48	93	61

Reference conditions: outside air temperature 35°C; input/output water temperature into/from user-side heat exchanger 12/7°C; unit operating at rated capacity, without any option.

Lw: sound power levels. Values obtained from measures taken according to standard ISO 3744. Lw\_tot is the only binding value.

**Lp:** sound pressure levels. Binding values starting from noise power levels referred to a distance of 10 m from the unit; source installed on a reflective surface and in ideal free field conditions with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values

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#### TETRIS SKY SLN R7 [R32] Octave bands [dB]

Octave	e bar	nds [	dB]														Total	
	63	Hz	125	Hz	250	) Hz	500	Hz	100	0 Hz	200	0 Hz	400	0 Hz	800	0 Hz	[dB	(A)]
	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp
21.2	90	58	87	55	84	52	82	50	77	45	76	44	73	41	71	39	84	52
24.2	92	60	89	57	86	54	84	52	79	47	78	46	75	43	73	41	86	54
27.3	91	59	88	56	85	53	83	51	78	46	77	45	74	42	72	40	85	53
31.3	92	60	89	57	86	54	84	52	79	47	78	46	75	43	73	41	86	54
37.3	95	62	92	59	88	56	86	54	82	49	80	48	77	45	76	43	88	56
26.4	90	58	87	55	84	52	82	50	77	45	76	44	73	41	71	39	84	52
28.4	90	58	87	55	84	52	82	50	77	45	76	44	73	41	71	39	84	52
30.4	90	58	87	55	84	52	82	50	77	45	76	44	73	41	71	39	84	52
34.4	90	58	87	55	84	52	82	50	77	45	76	44	73	41	71	39	84	52
38.4	91	59	88	56	85	53	83	51	78	46	77	45	74	42	72	40	85	53
40.4	91	59	88	56	85	53	83	51	78	46	77	45	74	42	72	40	85	53
44.4	92	60	89	57	86	54	84	52	79	47	78	46	75	43	73	41	86	54
47.5	92	60	89	57	86	53	84	51	79	47	78	45	75	42	73	41	86	54
50.6	94	62	91	59	88	55	86	53	81	49	80	47	77	44	75	43	88	56
54.6	94	62	91	59	88	55	86	53	81	49	80	47	77	44	75	43	88	56
60.6	95	63	92	60	89	56	87	54	82	50	81	48	78	45	76	44	89	57
64.6	95	63	92	60	89	56	87	54	82	50	81	48	78	45	76	44	89	57
70.6	95	63	92	60	89	56	87	54	82	50	81	48	78	45	76	44	89	57
72.6	96	63	93	61	90	57	88	55	83	51	82	49	79	46	77	45	90	58

Reference conditions: outside air temperature 35°C; input/output water temperature into/from user-side heat exchanger 12/7°C; unit operating at rated capacity, without any option.

Lw: sound power levels. Values obtained from measures taken according to standard ISO 3744. Lw\_tot is the only binding value.

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#### TETRIS SKY HP R7 [R32] Octava handa [dP]

Octave	e bar	nas l	aRl														Total	
	63	Hz	125	Hz	250	Hz	500	) Hz	100	0 Hz	200	0 Hz	400	0 Hz	800	0 Hz	[dB	(A)]
	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp
26.4	93	61	93	61	89	56	84	52	86	53	83	50	78	46	74	42	90	58
28.4	93	61	93	61	89	56	84	52	86	53	83	50	78	46	74	42	90	58
34.4	95	63	95	63	91	58	86	54	88	55	85	52	80	48	76	44	92	60
38.4	97	65	97	65	93	60	88	56	90	57	87	54	82	50	78	46	94	62
40.4	97	65	97	65	93	60	88	56	90	57	87	54	82	50	78	46	94	62
44.4	97	65	97	65	93	60	88	56	90	57	87	54	82	50	78	46	94	62
47.5	98	66	98	66	94	61	89	57	91	58	88	55	83	51	79	47	95	63
50.5	99	67	99	67	95	62	90	58	92	59	89	56	84	52	80	48	96	64
54.5	99	67	99	67	95	62	90	58	92	59	89	56	84	52	80	48	96	64
60.6	99	67	99	67	95	62	90	58	92	59	89	56	84	52	80	48	96	64
64.6	100	67	100	67	96	63	91	58	93	60	90	57	85	52	81	48	97	64
70.6	100	67	100	67	96	63	91	58	93	60	90	57	85	52	81	48	97	64

Tabal

Total

Reference conditions: outside air temperature 35°C; input/output water temperature into/from user-side heat exchanger 12/7°C; unit operating at rated capacity, without any option.

sound power levels. Values obtained from measures taken according to standard ISO 3744.Lw\_tot is the only binding value. Lw:

Lp: sound pressure levels. Binding values starting from noise power levels referred to a distance of 10 m from the unit; source installed on a reflective surface and in ideal free field conditions with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values

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# **TETRIS SKY HP LN R7 [R32]**

### Octave bands [dB]

UCLAVE	; Dai	ius L	ubj														ισται	
	63	Hz	125	Hz	250	) Hz	500	) Hz	100	0 Hz	200	0 Hz	400	0 Hz	800	0 Hz	[dB	(A)]
	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp
26.4	93	61	90	58	86	54	82	49	83	51	80	47	70	37	63	30	87	55
28.4	93	61	90	58	86	54	82	49	83	51	80	47	70	37	63	30	87	55
34.4	94	62	91	59	87	55	83	50	84	52	81	48	71	38	64	31	88	56
38.4	96	64	93	61	89	57	85	52	86	54	83	50	73	41	66	34	90	58
40.4	96	64	93	61	89	57	85	52	86	54	83	50	73	41	66	34	90	58
44.4	96	64	93	61	89	57	85	52	86	54	83	50	73	41	66	34	90	58
47.5	97	65	94	62	90	58	86	53	87	55	84	51	74	41	67	35	91	59
50.5	98	66	95	63	91	59	87	54	88	56	85	52	75	43	68	36	92	60
60.6	98	66	95	63	91	59	87	54	88	56	85	52	75	43	68	36	92	60
64.6	99	66	96	63	92	59	88	55	89	56	86	53	76	43	69	36	93	60
70.6	99	66	96	63	92	59	88	55	89	56	86	53	76	43	69	36	93	60

Reference conditions: outside air temperature 35°C; input/output water temperature into/from user-side heat exchanger 12/7°C; unit operating at rated capacity, without any option.

Lw:

sound prover levels.Values obtained from measures taken according to standard ISO 3744.Lw\_tot is the only binding value. sound pressure levels.Binding values starting from noise power levels referred to a distance of 10 m from the unit; source installed on a Lp:

reflective surface and in ideal free field conditions with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values The acoustic data are related to standard conditions in referable and reproducible operating conditions. All data with the exception of Lw\_tot are pro-vided for illustrative purposes only and can not be used for forecasting purposes or for the verification of binding limits. With special reference to noise emissions, the Manufacturer takes liability for their conformity, limited to the declared Lw\_tot value. Any and all other Manufacturer's liability for the impact of such emissions in relation to the location of the machine and other conditions related to machine installation is excluded. The environment and the installation conditions, as well as the operating modes, can alter the sound emissions. Any assessment concerning these conditions falls within the area of competence of the plant designer and/or the fitter.

#### **TETRIS SKY HP SLN R7 [R32]** Octave bands [dB]

Octave	e bar	ids [	<b>ar</b> ]														Total	
	63	Hz	125	Hz	250	Hz	500	Hz	100	0 Hz	200	0 Hz	400	0 Hz	800	0 Hz	[dB	(A)]
	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp
26.4	90	58	86	53	81	49	78	45	80	47	78	45	71	39	68	36	84	52
28.4	90	58	86	53	81	49	78	45	80	47	78	45	71	39	68	36	84	52
34.4	92	60	88	55	83	51	80	47	82	49	80	47	73	41	70	38	86	54
38.4	94	62	90	57	85	53	82	49	84	51	82	49	75	43	72	40	88	56
40.4	94	62	90	57	85	53	82	49	84	51	82	49	75	43	72	40	88	56
44.4	94	62	90	57	85	53	82	49	84	51	82	49	75	43	72	40	88	56
47.5	95	63	91	58	86	54	83	50	85	52	83	50	76	44	73	41	89	57
50.5	96	64	92	59	87	55	84	51	86	53	84	51	77	45	74	42	90	58
54.5	96	64	92	59	87	55	84	51	86	53	84	51	77	45	74	42	90	58
60.6	96	64	92	59	87	55	84	51	86	53	84	51	77	45	74	42	90	58
64.6	97	64	93	60	88	55	85	52	87	54	85	52	78	45	75	42	91	58
70.6	97	64	93	60	88	55	85	52	87	54	85	52	78	45	75	42	91	58

Reference conditions: outside air temperature 35°C; input/output water temperature into/from user-side heat exchanger 12/7°C; unit operating at rated capacity, without any option.

Lw:

sound power levels. Values obtained from measures taken according to standard ISO 3744.Lw\_tot is the only binding value. sound pressure levels. Binding values starting from noise power levels referred to a distance of 10 m from the unit; source installed on a Lp: reflective surface and in ideal free field conditions with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values

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# **CONFIGURATIONS THAT ARE NOT POSSIBLE**

# Tetris SKY R7 [R32] / Tetris SKY R7 SLN [R32]

				CHILLE	R ONLY			
	×P×	*PxS	DS	DS & *Px	DS & *PxS	В	DC & *Px	DC & *PxS
21.2							(RFQ)	n.a.
24.2							(RFQ)	n.a.
27.3				n.a.	n.a.		(RFQ)	n.a.
31.3				n.a.	n.a.		(RFQ)	n.a.
37.3							(RFQ)	n.a.
26.4					n.a.		(RFQ)	n.a.
28.4					n.a.		(RFQ)	n.a.
30.4					n.a.		(RFQ)	n.a.
34.4								(RFQ)
38.4								(RFQ)
40.4								(RFQ)
44.4								(RFQ)
47.5								(RFQ)
50.6								(RFQ)
54.6								(RFQ)
60.6								(RFQ)
64.6								(RFQ)
70.6								(RFQ)
72.6								(RFQ)

### Tetris SKY HP R7 [R32] / Tetris SKY R7 HP SLN [R32]

				HEAT	PUMP			
	*PX	*PxS	DS	DS & *Px	DS & *PxS	DC	DC & *Px	DC & *PxS
26.4								
28.4								
34.4								
38.4								
40.4								
44.4								
47.5								
50.5								
54.5								
60.6								
64.6								
70.6								

n.a.: configuration not available

(RFQ): Please contact our sales department to verify its compatibility with the specific configuration and require a quotation \*: 1 o 2 pumps

Px: P / Pr / PM / PG (& S = tank, if explicitly indicated)

# **INSTALLATION ADVICE**

The units described in this document are, by nature, strongly affected by the characteristics of the system, the working conditions and the installation site.

Remember that the unit must be installed by a qualified and skilled technician, and in compliance with the national legislation in force in the destination country.

The installation must be done in such a way that it will be possible to carry out all routine and non-routine maintenance operations.

Before starting any work, you must carefully read the "Installation, operation and maintenance manual" of the machine and do the necessary safety checks to prevent any malfunctioning or hazards.

We give some advice below that will allow you to increase the efficiency and reliability of the unit and therefore of the system into which it is inserted.

### Water characteristics

To preserve the life of the exchangers, the water is required to comply with some quality parameters and it is therefore necessary to make sure its values fall within the ranges indicated in the following table:

Total hardness	2,0 ÷ 6,0 °f
Langelier index	- 0,4 ÷ 0,4
рН	7,5 ÷ 8,5
Electrical conductivity	10÷500 µS/cm
Organic elements	-
Hydrogen carbonate (HCO3-)	70 ÷ 300 ppm
Sulphates (SO42-)	< 50 ppm
Hydrogen carbonate / Sulphates (HCO3-/SO42-)	> 1
Chlorides (Cl-)	< 50 ppm
Nitrates (NO3-)	< 50 ppm
Hydrogen sulphide (H2S)	< 0,05 ppm
Ammonia (NH3)	< 0,05 ppm
Sulphites (SO3), free chlorine (Cl2)	< 1 ppm
Carbon dioxide (CO2)	< 5 ppm
Metal cations	< 0,2 ppm
Manganese ions (Mn++)	< 0,2 ppm
Iron ions (Fe2+, Fe3+)	< 0,2 ppm
Iron + Manganese	< 0,4 ppm
Phosphates (PO43-)	< 2 ppm
Oxygen	< 0,1 ppm

Installation of water filters on all the hydraulic circuits is obligatory.

The supply of the most suitable filters for the unit can be requested as accessory. In this case, the filters are supplied loose and must be installed by the customer following the instructions given in the installation, operation and maintenance manual.

### **Glycol mixtures**

With temperatures below 5°C, it is mandatory to work with water and anti-freeze mixtures, and also change the safety devices (anti-freeze, etc.), which must be carried out by qualified authorised personnel or by the manufacturer.

	-		-			-				
Liquid outlet temperature or	°C	0	-5	-10	-15	-20	-25	-30	-35	-40
minimum ambient temperature										
Freezing point	°C	-5	-10	-15	-20	-25	-30	-35	-40	-45
Ethylene glycol	%	6	22	30	36	41	46	50	53	56
Propylene glycol	%	15	25	33	39	44	48	51	54	57

The quantity of antifreeze should be considered as % on weight

#### Minimum water content in the system

For correct operation of the unit, it is necessary to ensure a buffering on the system such as to comply with the minimum operating time considering the greater between the minimum OFF time and the minimum ON time. In short, these contribute to limiting the number of times the compressors are switched on per hour and to preventing undesired deviations from the set point of the delivered water temperature.

Larger amounts of water are in any case always preferable, because they allow a smaller number of starts and switch-offs of the compressors, less wear of them and an increase in the efficiency of the system as a consequence of a reduction in the number of transients.

It should also be pointed out that, for air-water units working in heat pump mode, the minimum amount of water must consider the need of the unit to carry out defrosting. Having an adequate buffering volume will allow prevention of too high drifts of the delivered water temperature at the end of the defrost cycle.

Please check "water Volume Design" Tool for a correct estimation of minimum water content of the system in "heat pump" working mode.

The following experimental formula allows to calculate the minimum water volume of the plant. Formula refers to unit operation in cooling mode and is also valid for heating mode if defrosting cycles are not taken in account.

$$V_{min} = \frac{P_{tot} \cdot 1.000}{N} \cdot \frac{300}{\Delta T \cdot \rho \cdot c_p} + P_{tot} \cdot 0.25$$

where

Vmin is the minimum water content of the system [I] Ptot is the total cooling capacity of the machine [kW]

N: number of capacity reduction steps

 $\Delta$ T: differential allowed on the water temperature. Unless otherwise specified, this value is considered to be 2.5K  $\rho$ : density of the heat-carrying fluid. Unless otherwise specified, the density of water is considered

cp: specific heat of the heat-carrying fluid. Unless otherwise specified, the specific heat of water is considered Considering the use of water and grouping together some terms, the formula can be re-written as follows:

$$V_{min} = \frac{P_{tot}}{N} \cdot 17,2 + P_{tot} \cdot 0,25$$

N is equal to the number of compressors installed in the unit. For units with inverter compressor:

- N=3 for units featuring one inverter-piloted compressor only;
- N=6 for units with 2 compressors of which one is controlled by inverter

In case of installation in cold climates where the unit has to perform defrostying cycles, it is suggested to use higher water content than that calculated with previous formula; due to very high volumes needed to completely compensate the negative effect of defrost on produced water temperature, are usually accepted higher temperature deviations than typical values accapetd for cooling-only unit.

Water content necessary to balance defrost cycle effect on produced water temperatures, depends on various factors:

- type of system
- compressors and circuits number
- maximum temporary acceptable temperature difference from set-point
- Quantity of defrost cycles necessary to proper functioning of the unit (depending on external and working conditions)
- compressors and circuits number

## Installation site

To determine the best installation site for the unit and its orientation, you should pay attention to the following points:

- compliance with the clearance spaces indicated in the official dimensional drawing of the unit must be guaranteed so as to ensure accessibility for routine and non-routine maintenance operations
- you should consider the origin of the hydraulic pipes and their diameters because these affect the radiuses of curvature and therefore the spaces needed for installing them
- you should consider the position of the cable inlet on the electrical control panel of the unit as regards the origin of the power supply
- if the installation includes several units side by side, you should consider the position and dimensions of the manifolds of the user-side exchangers and of any recovery exchangers
- if the installation includes several units side by side, you should consider that the minimum distance between units is 3 metres
- you should avoid all obstructions that can limit air circulation to the source-side exchanger or that can cause recirculation between air supply and intake
- you should consider the orientation of the unit to limit, as far as possible, exposure of the source-side exchanger to solar radiation
- if the installation area is particularly windy, the orientation and positioning of the unit must be such as to avoid air recirculation on the coils. If necessary, we advise making windbreak barriers in order to prevent malfunctioning.

Once the best position for the unit has been identified, you must check that the support slab has the following characteristics:

- its dimensions must be proportionate to those of the unit: if possible, longer and wider than the unit by at least 30 cm and 15/20cm higher than the surrounding surface
- it must be able to bear at least 4 times the operating weight of the unit
- it must allow level installation of the unit: although the unit is installed on a horizontal base, make slopes in the support surface to convey rain water or defrost water to drains, wells or in any case to places where it cannot generate an accident hazard due to ice formation. All heat pump version units are equipped with discharge manifolds for the condensed water; these can be manifolded to facilitate condensate discharge.

The units are designed and built to reduce to a minimum the level of vibration transmitted to the ground, but it is in any case advisable to use rubber or spring anti-vibration mounts, which are available as accessory and should be requested when ordering.

The anti-vibration mounts must be fixed on before positioning the unit on the ground.

In the event of installation on roofs or intermediate floors, the pipes must be isolated from the walls and ceilings.

It is advisable to avoid installation in cramped places, to prevent reverberations, reflections, resonances and acoustic interactions with elements outside the unit.

It is essential that any work done to soundproof the unit does not affect its correct installation or correct operation and, in particular, does not reduce the air flow rate to the source-side exchanger.

### Installations that require the use of treated coils

If the unit has to be installed in an environment with a particularly aggressive atmosphere, coils with special treatments are available as options.

- e-coated microchannel coils (accessory not available for HP units)
- coils with anti-corrosion treatment (accessory available only for HP units or with Cu/Al coil)

A description of the individual accessories is available in the "Description of accessories" section.

The type of coil treatment should be chosen with regard to the environment in which the unit is to be installed, through observation of other structures and machinery with exposed metal surfaces present in the destination environment.

The cross observation criterion is the most valid method of selection currently available without having to carry out preliminary tests or measurements with instruments. The identified reference environments are:

- coastal/marine
- industrial
- urban with a high housing density
- rural

Please note that in cases where different conditions co-exist, even for short periods, the choice must be suitable for preserving the exchanger in the harsher environmental conditions and not in conditions between the worst and best situation.

Particular attention must be given in cases where an environment that is not particularly aggressive becomes aggressive as a consequence of a concomitant cause, for example, the presence of a flue outlet or an extraction fan.

We strongly suggest choosing one of the treatment options if at least one of the points listed below is verified:

- there are obvious signs of corrosion of the exposed metal surfaces in the installation area
- the prevailing winds come from the sea towards the unit
- the environment is industrial with a significant concentration of pollutants
- the environment is urban with a high population density

• the environment is rural with the presence of organic discharges and effluents

- In particular, for installations near the coast, the following instructions apply:
- for installations between 1 and 20 km from the coast of units with microchannel coil, we strongly recommend using the accessory "E-coated microchannel coils"
- for installations between 1 and 20 km from the coast of reversible units or units with Cu/Al coils, is strongly recommended using the accessory "Coil treated with anti-corrosion paints"
- for distances within a kilometre of the coast, we strongly recommend using the accessory "Coil treated with anti-corrosion paints" for all units

To protect the exchangers from corrosion and ensure optimal operation of the unit, we advise following the recommendations given in the user, installation and maintenance manual for cleaning the coils.

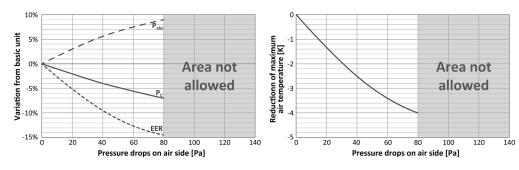
### Aeraulic head losses and options available for the ventilating section

With the exception of units for which oversize fans are required, as standard, the units are designed considering that, at the nominal air flow rate, the fans work with null available pressure.

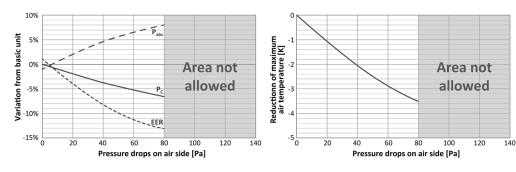
If there are obstacles to free air flow, you should consider the additional aeraulic head losses that will cause a reduction of the air flow rate and a consequent deterioration of performance.

The following diagrams show the trend of cooling capacity (PC), EER, total absorbed power (Pabs) and reduction of the maximum external air temperature in chiller operating mode, depending on the aeraulic head losses that the fans will have to overcome.

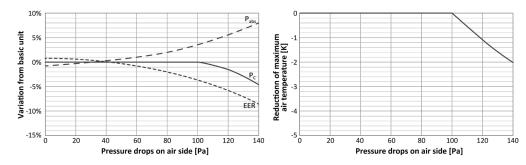
#### AC fans (Ø 800)



#### EC fans (Ø 800)



#### Oversize EC fans (Ø 800)



The indicated values are for the standard machine, without accessories, with AC fans and in any case in the absence of air recirculation.

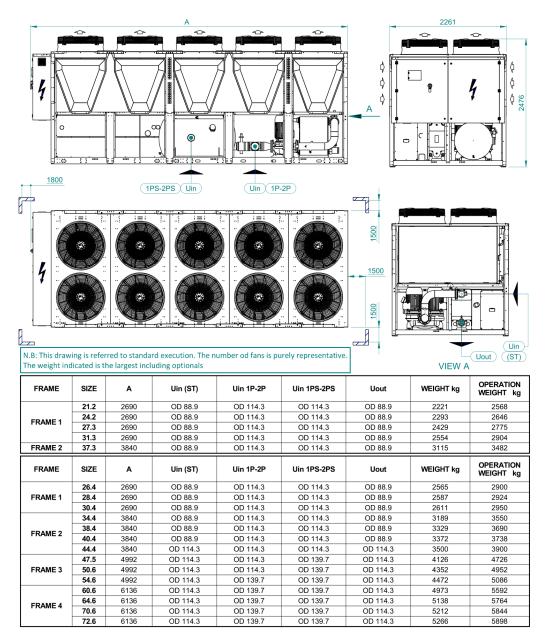
Example: supposing you expect there to be obstacles that will generate an estimated aeraulic head loss of 60Pa. In this case, there are 3 possibilities:

- use the unit with standard AC fans: compared to ideal conditions, the output power will be reduced by about 5.5%, the total absorbed power will increase by about 7.5%, the EER will be reduced by about 12.5% and the maximum allowed external air temperature for operation at 100% will be reduced by about 3.4K compared to the nominal limit
- use the unit with EC fans: compared to the unit with AC fans working in ideal conditions, the output power will be reduced by about 5%, the total absorbed power will increase by about 6.5%, the EER will be reduced by about 11.5% and the maximum allowed external air temperature for operation at 100% will be reduced by about 2.8K compared to the nominal limit
- use the unit with oversize EC fans: compared to the unit with AC fans working in ideal conditions, the output power of the unit will be unchanged, the total absorbed power will increase by about 1%, the EER will be reduced by about 2% and the maximum external air temperature will remain the one shown in the diagram of the operating limits.

# **DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAMS**

### TETRIS SKY R7 [R32] / TETRIS SKY R7 SLN [R32]

DDIM000987



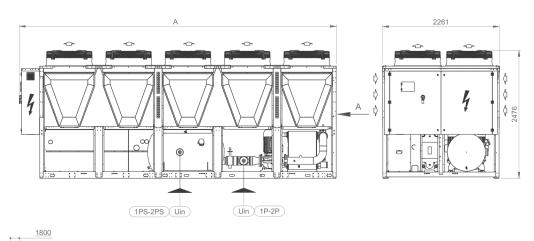
**Note:** These drawings are not contractually binding. For the installation design, refer to the specific dimensional drawing available on request.

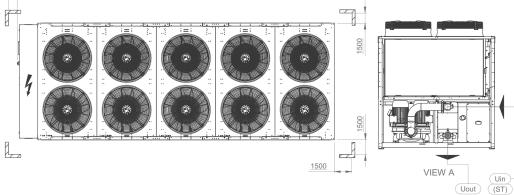
**Note:**Weights indicated in the previous table are an estimation of the worst configuration (excluding accessory DC and DS).Weights indicated in the previous table take into account the following accessories:

- 2PGS
- RAAL
- LN

# TETRIS SKY HP R7 [R32] / TETRIS SKY R7 HP SLN [R32]

DDIM000992





.B: This drawing is referred to standard execution. The number od fans is purely representative. ne weight indicated is the largest including optionals						]		
FRAME	SIZE	А	Uin (ST)	Uin 1P-2P	Uin 1PS-2PS	Uout	WEIGHT kg	OPERATIO WEIGHT k
FRAME 2	26.4	3838	OD 88.9	OD 114.3	OD 114.3	OD 88.9	3163	3510
	28.4	3838	OD 88.9	OD 114.3	OD 114.3	OD 88.9	3169	3518
	34.4	3838	OD 88.9	OD 114.3	OD 114.3	OD 88.9	3331	3692
FRAME 3	38.4	4992	OD 88.9	OD 114.3	OD 139.7	OD 88.9	3959	4520
	40.4	4992	OD 88.9	OD 114.3	OD 139.7	OD 88.9	4088	4654
	44.4	4992	OD 114.3	OD 114.3	OD 139.7	OD 114.3	4330	4920
FRAME 4	47.5	6136	OD 114.3	OD 114.3	OD 139.7	OD 114.3	4858	5452
	50.5	6136	OD 114.3	OD 114.3	OD 139.7	OD 114.3	5047	5647
FRAME 5	54.5	7282	OD 114.3	OD 139.7	OD 139.7	OD 114.3	5656	6270
	60.6	7282	OD 114.3	OD 139.7	OD 139.7	OD 114.3	5733	6552
FRAME 6	64.6	8430	OD 114.3	OD 139.7	OD 139.7	OD 114.3	6298	7134
	70.6	8430	OD 114.3	OD 139.7	OD 139.7	OD 114.3	6613	7455

**Note:** These drawings are not contractually binding. For the installation design, refer to the specific dimensional drawing available on request.

**Note:**Weights indicated in the previous table are an estimation of the worst configuration (excluding accessory DC and DS).Weights indicated in the previous table take into account the following accessories:

- 2PGS
- RAAL
- LN



